THE DAILY NEWS.

VOL. IX. NO. 108. RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 7, 1876. PRICE: FIVE CENTS.

THE MAILS.

For the benefit of the public, we publish the following directory of the post-office of this city:

Western Mail clos s	11 15 A. M.
" " arrives	3:22 P. M.
Eastern " closes	3:03 P. M.
" " arrives	11:45 A. M.
Chatham " closes	3:00 P. M.
" " arrives	9:45 A. M.
R. & G. R. R. Mail closes	9:30 A. M.
" " arrives	3:18 P. M.
Through Northern via R. & G. R. R closes	9:30 A. M.
Through Northern via R. & G. R. R. arrives	3:45 P. M.
Through Northern via Goldsboro closes	3:03 P. M.
Through Northern via Goldsboro arrives	11:45 A. M.

Office hours for delivering mails from 7:30 A. M. to 6:30 P. M.

Money orders are issued and paid from 8:15 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Letters can be registered from 8:15 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Office hours on Sundays from 4 P. M. to 5 P. M.

W. W. HOLDEN, Postmaster.

DRY GOODS.

1876 SPRING & SUMMER

DRY GOODS

-AT-

J. P. GULLEY'S

Fayetteville Street and Exchange,

RALEIGH, N. C.

PACIFIC LAWNS at 10 centsf worth 16⅔ cents.

Prints at 5c and 8⅓, fine brands 10c.
Summer Delaines at 15c worth 25c.
Japanese Poplins at 15c and 25 c.

THESE NICE LINES DRESS GOODS

JUST OPENED.

Have a beautiful line

Ladies and Children's Shoes,

and Boyddn's and Miles' hand-made

BOOTS AND SHOES,

for gentlemen.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT UP-STAIRS

is complete and

Cheap, Nice and Good.

I am sole agent for FRANK LESLIE'S "LADY'S JOURNAL" Cut Paper Patterns, Stock on hand, embracing all the latest novelties. Send for circulars, sent free.

I will call attention to our Gent's White "ECONOMY" Shirt at $15 per dozen; FULL MADE AND COMPLETE, except is unbosomed—warrented 2100 Linen and of Wamsutta Muslin We think it 20 per cent cheaper than the half made $1 shirts.

J. P. GULLEY.

june 8-tf

"IN THE COOL."

Especial attention of the Ladies, is called our new and large invoice of

Llama Lace Points,
Llama Lace Jackets
Llama Lace Corsages,
Llama Lace Aprons,

The largest stock of REAL LACE GOODS offered in this section of the country, at very low prices.

June 22 W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

LAWNS, MUSLINS, &C.

Linen Lawns Pacific Lawns, and beautiful shur Organdie Muslins.

June 22 W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

FANS, FANS, FANS!

All the different kinds of Fans, Palm Leaf and Japanese Fans including the "Centennial Fan," Fans at all prices from cts upward.

June 22 W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

CACHEMIRE LACES AND RUSHINGS.

A new supply and late styles.

W H & R S TUCKER.

STRAW MATTINGS.

Another supply of Straw Mattings, 4-4 white, 4-4 Red Checked and 4-4 Fancy, at very small profits.

June 22 W H & R S TUCKER

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

Another lot just received which we bought at very low prices and will be sold accordingly.

June 22 W H & R S TUCKER;

LADIES' AND MISSES' GAITERS, &C.

Another supply by Express of Cloth Gaiters Ties, and slippers, which we continue to sell at our very low prices.

June 22 tf W H & R S TUCKER

RECEIVED TO-DAY.

Saturday, May 27.

10,000 yards more of those beautiful PACIFIC LAWNS at 10 cents per yard. The handsomest we have ever had.

We call the ladies' attention to our DRESS GOODS, which we are selling lower than any house in the city. Our BLACK GRENADINES at 50 cents can't be undersold.

A beautiful line of figured ALL LINEN LAWNS.

Ready-made Linen Dresses for ladies,

The largest Stock of Hosiery in the State Ladies' Hose from 10 cents to 75 cents.

Gents Half Hose 10 to 60 cents a pair.

Belding Bros'. Superior Sewing Silk all the colors. The dress-makers pronounce it to be the best in the market.

Largest stock of Corsets in the city from 50 cents to $2 50.

A full line of Gentlemen's Cassimeres and Udderwear.

We have also just received a new supply of our Custom Made Shirts—ready made superior to any in the city, at $1 25

Hamburg Edgings, Ladies' Neck Ties, Gents' Ties—a beautiful line.

More of those handsome Parasols, which we are selling at a small price.

TO MERCHANTS

We will be glad at any time to show them through our stock, for we can save them some money if they will give us a call.

PETTY & JONES,
20 Fayetteville Street,
Raleigh, N. C.

Christian Advocate copy.

$10 TO $25 PER DAY to Farmers' Sons and other energetic young men to sell an article as STAPLE as COFFEE, to Farmers and others in their own neighborhoods. Particulars free.

Address, THE CENTENNIAL CO.,
no 12—Wly St. Louis, Mo.

THE CITY.

☞ THE SUBSCRIPTION LIST OF THE DAILY NEWS IS LARGER THAN THAT OF ANY OTHER DAILY IN THE STATE, AND MORE THAN DOUBLE THAT OF ANY OTHER DAILY IN RALEIGH. ADVERTISERS WILL MAKE A NOTE OF THIS.

Range of Thermometer.

Reported daily from the Hardware House of Julius Lewis & Co.

JULY 6th.

6 A. M.	Clear	83°
3 P. M.	"	90°
6 P. M.	"	9.°

OAK CITY BRIEFS.

——It is a very warm day.

——A country gentleman who has been realizing fifteen thousand a year from the sale of his cotton sent to town the other day to get a chicken for his sick son.

——Last Monday in Philadelphia there were eighteen actual sun strokes and six of them were fatal. Twenty-seven horses dropped dead and one hundred and fifty were so badly used up they couldn't walk the next day.

——We are pained to learn that little Paul, son of Capt. P. Lincke, met with a serious accident by breaking both bones of his left arm. Dr. William Little attended the little sufferer who is now comparatively easier.

——Applicants for teacher's position will appear before the Ex. Committee at the Deaf & Dumb Institution next Wednesday at 9 a. m. All applicants must produce a first grade certificate from the county examination board.

——The City Government is before Judge Watts this evening at five o'clock, charged with contempt on some technicality in the mandamus. A flimsy pretext to carry before even a good judge of human nature, much less of law.

——We invite attention to the double column advertisement in to-day's paper, by Julius Lewis & Co., and these gentlemen, by the way, have as we all know one of the largest business establishments in the South, and sell goods in every county in this State. In a conversation a few days ago, we asked the junior partner Mr. N. W. West, this question, "To what do you attribute your great success in business?" "To presistent, judicious advertising, and selling good goods very cheap."

The Heated Term.

It is not so hot here after all. Raleigh is about the best cooling off place we know of and the men who are daily fearing sun stroke in the North are invited to come and see us and cool off in the shade. The heat in this city has been many degrees less for the past ten days of this unprecedented hot term than in any city North, not even excepting Montreal in cold Canada. Day after day the thermometer in New York has reached 96°, and for several days it touched 98, and in Philadelphia, Baltimore, Richmond, Wilmington, Charleston, Savannah and New Orleans the heat has been equally as great. The highest the thermometer has been here is 92 and the average heat about 89.

A Fine Promise For The University—Students From The South Coming.

A gentleman from Chapel Hill gives the news that several applications have been received from young men in the South to enter their names with the next session. This promises well. It shows the University at home again in the remembrances of her old students and whenever this starts, the prosperity she once had will soon be regained. President Battle to-day informed us that the number of applicants for next session is so far as large as ever known before the war and he would not compromise on any number less than one hundred and thirty for next session. We say to the Southern boys it's the same "Old Hill" and the landmarks are all there. Mrs. Thompson still keeps boarding house, and the hotel, and "the barn," and "Craig's Row" and "Robbin's Roost" in the Loader Building are all there. Wilse Swain, a son of old Dr. November, now rings the campus bell that calls the boys to Chapel, and Wilse goes about among the young men and shakes hands and introduces himself as a chip of the old block. Dave Moore's barber shop still stands in the same old place, right opposite the hotel, and is run by old Tom Kirby so well remembered as the Go-Steal-it-and-Come-Fetch--It who used to run errands for the boys. All aboard, for Chapel Hill; the good old days are coming back. The next session opens the 16th of this month.

Supreme Court.

The following cases from the 11th district were argued yesterday:

State vs. Adolphus Gudger et. al. from Madison, Attorney General for State, no counsel for defendant.

McDougall and Sinclair vs. Joseph Graham from McDowell. Busbee and Busbee for plaintiff and Walter Clark for defendant.

State vs. Munroe Earwood from Henderson. Attorney General for State and J. H. Merrimon for defendant.

THE MURDER TRIAL.

State vs. George W. Swepson.

MCCULLOCH WHITSELL.

I am going on 15 years old, live at Haw River; knew Mr. Moore.

Q. Had you hunted with Moore often before this time, and was he in the habit of carrying two guns?

Question objected to on the part of the prisoner and not allowed. Know Sam Oliver. Saw him on the evening Moore was killed about 4 or 5 o'clock. Saw him next morning again about 7 o'clock. I was at the woodpile at the boarding house. I talked over the matter of the killing of Moore with him. He said he and Moore went hunting that morning and hunted round and come out at Joe Baker's, and that they bought some drinks there, that they then went on in the direction of the factory and bought more drinks at Andy Baker's, and they then went on by Swepson's to the factory. I can't recollect what he said about it. I forget. He said Swepson was out on the front porch. I can't recollect that he said that Moore said he would not fight with him nor shoot with him in his own yard, but that he would fight or shoot with him, if he would come out in the open road. (Here the prosecution proposed to refresh the witnesses memory, which was objected to by prisoner, on the ground that the law only allowed a witnesses memory to be refreshed as to what he himself might have said or written on a former occasion.) The court refused to allow witness recollection to be refreshed as to what Sam Oliver had told him.

I don't know anything more that Sam said. We were not talking more than 5 minutes.

The State here proposed to refresh witness' memory as to what Sam said about what Moore was doing at the time.

Prisoner objects.

Objection over-ruled and the witness answers: I think Sam told me that Swepson came out and asked Moore, "Are you ready?" and Moore said, "Yes." Sam told me nothing about what Moore was doing when the shots were fired. He said Moore was going up the road looking towards the factory with his gun on his left shoulder.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

I have told everything that Sam told me. I was examined about this matter at Graham. Have not talked it over since I have been in Raleigh, nor since Saturday. Have not talked it over to any of the lawyers. Benton and I were not here in the courthouse on Saturday. We were here Thursday; Mr. Thompson was with us; we didn't talk over this matter. I am certain Sam told me nothing more than I have repeated here. He didn't say anything about Moore cursing. Said nothing about brick walls; nothing about Moore's dogs jumping over into Swepson's yard; nothing about Moore taking a drink at Swepson's gate. He said there was a man at the gate; that he cursed the ducks in front of Swepson's house; told me me nothing about Moore's singing. He said they went around the house. Told me nothing about Moore's cursing on the fence. He said Swepson came out on the front porch that looks toward the horse lot. There was where Swepson was standing when he asked Moore if he was ready. He said Swepson had a rifle, did not say whether it was a short or long one, did not say where Swepson shot from. I am sure he told nothing else very certain. I was examined at Graham and told this there, what Sam told me about Moore.

RE-DIRECT.

I was examined in the Court House in Graham. Was not asked about what Sam said about the shooting in the Court House. Sam said it was the front porch. I am certain Sam said it was the front porch Swepson came out on. Sam did not say Swepson shot from the front porch.

JAMES HARRIS.

I live at Haw river, lived at Andy Baker's last year. I saw Moore on the day he was shot. He and Sam Oliver came to Baker's and bought some ducks. They had some ducks when they came. I went along to help carry the ducks. We went on down the road towards the factory past Swepsons house. Moore commenced cursing his dogs as we went down the hill this side of the house, not more than fifty yards from the house. He hollowed at one of his dogs and the dog paying no attention to him, he commenced to curse him, he cursed near the front of Swepson's house. He was cursing the ducks, two of them got loose there. We stopped long enough to tie the ducks. I heard him call nobody's name. A wagoner passed along while we were there. I did not notice the wagon till it had stoopped. We then went on towards the factory. When we got near the store we saw a man at the tank. Moore said he be damned if he mustn't see who that was at the tank. I went on and carried the ducks to Moore's office. I passed Swepson on my way back home. Saw Swepson. He came round the house from the side next to the factory. He said howdy. I said howdy. He said hold on I want to talk to you. He asked me about the ducks, and then he took out his "connting book" and asked me my name. I told him Harris. He said what Harris, John. I never told him. He asked me if Moore was cursing him, (Swepson). I told him I did not know whom he was cursing, that I heard nobody's name.

He told me if I was summoned to court to recollect all that Moore said, he[reckoned I could tell the truth and I told him I could, I thought he put down something in his book when he asked me my name. I saw the negroes in the kitchen as we passed with the ducks. They were Hill Trolinger, Hill's son Tom and John Richmond, they were doing nothing only standing in the kitchen. I saw Moore's gun. It was a double barrel shot gun. It was about 12 o'clock when I passed going home.

CROSS EXAMINED.

Moore was cursing right smart; I don't know what he was cursing about. Fifty yards from Swepson's gate he hollered at the dog and cursed him.

To question by State he answered: I saw Moore take a drink at the gate; he took it out of a small flask which he carried in his breast pocket.

CROSS EXAMINATION RESUMED.

Moore cursed right smart when the ducks got loose; I don't know the words he used; I never heard him call anybody's name; I don't think he said anything, about "thief," "put your head out," "brick walls," "revenge"; nothing about "grubbing roots, damned coward." I don't remember a single word that was said at the gate, except to catch the ducks. I told Swepson I didn't want to have nothing to do with it when he took out his counting book; I don't know what he was cursing; don't think he was cursing Swepson. There was nothing in his language to indicate that he meant Swepson; I don't think he said, by God, I can have my revenge, and I'll be damned if I don't. He cursed some more in front of Swepson's gate than he did elsewhere. I don't think he said damned thief, damned coward, nor that he did'nt fear the devil. He had his gun on his shoulder, cocked, I think; I told the magistrates at Graham just what I tell you, that I did not think he used the words you have asked me about; I am pretty certain the gun was cocked; I think I told the magistrates the gun was cocked. I told them I did not know whether it was cocked at Baker's or not. Moore said "damn it, catch those ducks"; I can't repeat any other words he used. When a man is cursing and another man is busy, I can't understand what he is saying. Moore said he be damned if he was not going to see who that was at the tank. It was a white man.

RE-DIRECT.

As well as I can recollect, I gave my evidence in Graham just as I have given it here. The reason Moore cursed most in front of Swepson's house, was that the ducks got loose there and we stayed there longest. Here the guns are produced and the witness is called upon to identify the one Moore carried. He thinks the short one was the one Moore had; did'nt take any particular notice of the guns.

J. T. HUNTER,

Sheriff of Alamance county testifies: The guns here produced are the same that were delivered into my custody at the Magistrates' Court in Graham, I got the two shot guns from Holt & Moore's office, the rifle from Swepson; the day after the shooting, they were used in the trial before the Magistrates and then turned to me again. These are the same guns. The long shot gun was unloaded at the trial in Graham, I have the shot with me, they are large sized bird shot or small squirrel shot. The shot are here produced and handed to the jury for inspection. I am not a hunter and don't know whether the charge s a large or small one. The loads were also taken out of the rifle in Graham. I have the cartridges, 6 of them, the balls were produced and handed to the jury. I do not know what sort of a gun the rifle is, never saw one before. The short shot gun has the same loads in it that it had when turned over to me in Graham. The long gun is the one they call the Sewell gun. (The short gun is here taken by the sheriff, the loads drawn, the shot taken therefrom exhibited to the jury.)

Sheriff resuming. The shot are large sized squirrel shot.

CROSS EXAMINED.

I got the guns from Holt & Moore's office on Thursday, I don't undertake to say that the shot taken from the long gun at Graham were the same as were in it, when Moore had it.

REDIRECT.

Col. Tom Holt was present when I got the guns out of the office. I think Dr. Glenn was also present.

The Swepson Trial Yesterday.

The day was devoted yesterday to proving threats made against Swepson by Moore. Some twenty odd witnesses were examined. Elder, one of the witnesses, stated on cross-examination that he remarked in the town of Graham on the day of the homicide, "I knew this would happen, I spent half the day yesterday with Swepson, and about two hours with Dolph Moore." The defense also introduced several witnesses who testified to the violent nature of Moore when crossed in any way and on cross-examination it was generally admitted by the witnesses that he was a true and chivalrous man and would not stoop to do an underhanded thing. Two ladies were on the stand, Mrs. Mary Cook and her daughter-in-law Mrs. Henry Cook. The old lady said that Moore was cursing about thief and coward, and "Come out from your brick walls," and that Swepson walked to the door with his rifle and asked him what he wanted, and she saw Moore point his gun at him, and that Swepson ran in and shot him through the window. Mrs. Henry Cook said that Swepson took dinner about one o'clock with Mrs. Fonville, her mother-in-law and herself, that everything passed off as usual and after dinner Swepson went into his own room and she and Mrs. Fonville went into her mother-in-law's room. She heard Swepson snoring in his room and remarked, "Mr. Swepson is enjoying his nap." That a while after she heard Mr. Swepson calling for Mrs. Cooke, and her mother being in the garden, she went to the back door and told her that Mr. Swepson wanted her, and her mother went into his room from around the house, and she also went into the room. She had heard some noise outside before this, and when she went in the room she saw Moore coming up the road and he was cursing a good deal and singing. Mr. Swepson was sitting in the room by the fire, the window was up and the door was ajar, and she was standing near the door where she could see, but her mother-in-law sat in a place where she couldn't see because of the door-shutter. Mr. Swepson's rifle sat in the corner of the staircase a few feet from him. She heard Moore cursing that, "You are all dam cowards, and hid behind brick walls and afraid to show your face," and at this Swepson took up the gun and went towards the door, and she exclaimed, "Oh! Mr. Swepson!" She thought he would be shot down, that he stepped on the porch and asked Moore what he wanted, and he replied he wanted to fight with him and that Swepson waved his left hand and said, "Oh, no; I want no difficulty with you," that she saw Moore standing fronting Swepson's house, she heard him say something, she couldn't understand what, and that Swepson stepped back in the house and shot him through the window. Thirty-seven witnesses for the defense have been examined. About twenty more remain to be heard. It is thought the evidence will close to-day, and the argument begin to-morrow and will probably last two or three days. The State has three more witnesses to examine. Counsel for the State, with Solicitor, are George V. Strong, John A. Graham, A. M. Lewis, James A. Graham, Levi Scott and John A. Gilmer. Swepson's counsel are T. C. Fuller, Thomas Ruffin, D. G. Fowle, George H. Snow, J. E. Boyd, E. Parker and George F. Bason. The State will be allowed three arguments and the defense two and the argument to close with the State.

The Governor's Palace a Graded School.

The executive mansion in this place was built in 1815 and has housed every Governor in the State up to the days of Governor Holden and the new regime. It was once occupied by the Legislature after the burning of the Capitol in 1841. Governors Branch, Franklin, Holmes, Burton, Iredell, Owen, Stokes, Swain, Spaight, Morehead, Graham, Manly, Reid, Bragg, Ellis, Clark and Vance, have all made their homes there. And now it is to be used as a grand nursery for turning out perchance the future Governors of North Carolina. The graded school under Capt. Dugger will be opened in the palace this month. Some of the best men in this country have been educated at graded schools. In fact it is generally the poor boy caught up on the fly who takes as eagerly to knowledge as young robins to worms

Died of Fever.

Died to-day in this place of typhoid fever, Mr. L. E. Harmon, aged forty-six years. Mr. Harmon was a stranger who made his home with us some two years since, and had won quite a circle of friends. He came from Western New York, and was engaged in the business of market gardening with Mr. Fairchilds.

It must be good; for everybody recommends it, and the doctors prescribe it. We mean Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price, 25 cents.

Armfield as Governor.

A report was recently published as a pleasantry in one of our city papers that Lieutenant-Governor Armfield was in the city and would qualify as Governor in the absence of His Excellency Brogden—gone to see the Centennial. The rumor was on the streets that Armfield would at once take charge and appoint Gen. D. H. Hill, Superintendent of Public Instruction. Col. Armfield was at once sought by a NEWS reporter and in reply to a short chinning laughed good naturedly and declared that while he could easily capture the position it would seem an undue advantage he had taken of the enemy; and he thinks we have enough advantage now in the glorious State ticket we are running. As to Gov. Brogden, he is said to have first heard it while sailing on the train for Philadelphia, and appeared so very much excited that he essayed to cross both legs at once.

A Chatham County Hunting Horn.

Speaking of hunting horns, our old friend Capt. Bryan, of Haywood, Chatham county, tells of a cow horn his son-in-law Dr. Budd has, which can be heard five miles, and is known all around the neighborhood as Gabriel's horn. Stephen Gilmore used to own it and at his death left it to Dr. Budd. Mr. Gilmore was wont to hunt with it around Sanford, and whenever he killed a deer, one blast from his horn would be heard by the hands at work five miles off on the river and they would come to its call and take the deer home.

"Its a great long steer horn," said the Captain, "and can be heard five miles, positive fact." He swears it beats all holler the horn Joe Turner said Jarvis had.

The Captain subscribed to the NEWS and we promised to call when ever we passed that way and wanted a horn.

Another Complaint.

An esteemed subscriber at Cary, Mr. J. R. Young, complains that he does not get the WEEKLY NEWS regularly. What is the matter with the post-master at Cary? Let us hear from him.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Alamance—Tilden and Vance—Railroad Doings—Democratic Unity.

GRAHAM, N. C., July 5th, '76.

Mr. Editor: The 4th passed off quietly without any demonstration in Graham, except the raising of a Tilden and Vance flag with Reform inscribed on it in large letters. Only one feeling prevails in the Democratic ranks, and that is all are well pleased with the ticket.

The young men will organize a Tilden and Vance Club in a few days—one already at the Shops, with Tilden and Vance banner.

The Rads had a caucus in town a few days ago at Mr. Red-Eye Albright's store. Some six negroes and about eight whites constituted the body. What was done is not known to outsiders. The would-be "Independents" were on hand, looking somewhat dependent, going in and out during the meeting, very anxious and wistful about their chances of being taken up and endorsed by the party as candidates in the campaign as in the last. Whether they were required as a test of their loyalty to the party to go for the Radical candidates in the coming election is not exactly made known yet; but it is understood that will be required and expected. They were very busy consulting about the Courthouse, and finally retreated behind the bar-room, acted as if they were deeply interested at what was going on in the store. These lovers of office live in hopes of getting to run on the Radical ticket Should they fail after offering their services they will feel bad.

No division in the Democratic party in this county—no possible chance of division with such leaders as we have in the field. Alamance will do her full duty in the approaching campaign. Our ticket and the amendments will carry this county by a handsome majority. H.

Brief Extracts.

W. J. B., of Kinston, writes; "We are highly pleased with our State and National ticket. With such tickets we will surely win."

A. S. H., Franklinsville: "I can't do without the NEWS."

A. H., Clayton, N C.: "Enclosed find check for five dollars. Please continue my paper, I think it contains more general news for the least money than any daily paper now published. I would not be without it for twice the amount."

T. W. P., Toisnot: "I am well pleased with the NEWS."

J. A. H., Ore Hill, N. C.: "I cannot live well without the NEWS."

T. B. W., Pittsboro: "We like the NEWS very much."

Roasted coffee 30 cents per pound; a. sugar 12½ cents per pound; ham sausage brown sugar 10 cts. per pound bulk meat 10 and 12 cents per pound; meal 20 cents a peck, at Woollcotts Open Front Store, Wilmington street.

For good N. C. bacon, flour, lard, sugar, coffee, or anything in the grocery line at prices to suit the times, wholesale and retail, go to Rand & Wyatt's opposite the market on Wilmington street.

A few barrels Early Rose Seed Potatoes on hand cheap.

DIED,

July 4th, at 10 o'clock, p. m., Marshall Hines, son of Sallie J. and Chas. W. Lambeth.

"Suffer little children to come unto me."

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Come and see the patent stone burial case manufactured at Hammill & Weirs.

Ladies' Ties, Slippers and Serge Buskins, and Congress Gaiters, at Heller Bros.

Watson, our leading photographer, has improved in the quality of his pictures, and reduced the prices.

4th of July celebration candle sockets to hold candles for illuminating windows, &c., at Lumsden's.

A first class Steam Power Cutting Machine can be bought on reasonable terms by applying at the NEWS office.

Gents' Prince Albert's Centennial buckle and broad bottom and low heel shoes at Heller Brother's new shoe store, No. 31 Fayetteville street.

You can get suited to any style or quality of harness, saddles, whips, etc., at the harness factory of E. F. Wyatt & Son, one door east of Dodd's corner on Martin street.

John C. Palmer, for 20 days will sell gold and silver watches, jewelry, silver and plated ware spectacles at cost, and at greatly reduced prices for cash. Call and get bargains at J. C. Palmer's.

Board for the Summer months—During the months of July and August the house-keeper of the Raleigh Baptist Female Seminary will take a few persons to board and will furnish good fare and *Delightfully cool rooms.*
Apply at Seminary.

Good lot N. C. hay and shucks very low, to close out a remnant of a large stock. Also a general assortment of forage flour, meal, grain, coal and wood, at lowest prices at Osborn's Grain and Feed store, west of N. C. freight depot, and at L. D. Whitehead's grocery store on Harget street.

Trunks! Trunks!! Trunks!!! at Heller Bro's shoe store. Just received the Empress Trunk, Saratoga Trunk, Zinc Trunks, Packing Trunks, Gents' Sole Leather and low priced Trunks, Valises, and Satchels from the low price of one dollar up, at Heller Bro's new shoe store, No. 31 Fayetteville street.

Cloud compeller, from o'er the sea,
Rising like Venus, fair and free,
O'er some poets reverie—
Leopold's "Raleigh Belle" and "Little Malmee."

Come one, come all
And give us a call,
At No. 3 Fayetteville street,
Where you may find
Furniture of all kinds
At prices hard to beat.

We are still offering goods at prices to suit the times, and would be pleased to serve our friends and the buying public with goods in our line.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.

HOTELS.

BENBOW HOUSE,
GREENSBORO, N. C.,
D. W. C. BENBOW, Proprietor.
may 23

LANIER HOUSE,
STATESVILLE, N. C.,
G. S. LANIER & CO., Proprietors.
may 23-3m

GASTON HOUSE,
NEWBERN, N. C,
S. R. STREET, Proprietor.

LENOIR HOUSE,
KINSTON, N. C.,
W. R. BEXTON, Proprietor.

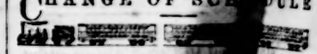
FRONT STREET HOUSE,
BEAUFORT, N. C.,
WILLIAM C. KING, Proprietor.
Table supplied with every seasonable luxury of land and water.

THE EBBITT HOUSE,
WASHINGTON CITY.
CORNER F AND FOURTEENTH STREETS.
HEADQUARTERS ARMY AND NAVY.
C. C. WILLARD, Proprietor,
mh 2) 3m

STOP AT THE
MANNING HOUSE,
North Side Market Street,
Between Front and Second,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
BOARD, PER DAY, $2.50.
E. W. MANNING,
Proprietor.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
STATESVILLE, N. C.,
OTHO M. BARKLEY, Proprietor,
B. F. JOURDAN, Superintendent, W. S. MILLER, Asst. Supt.
This House is most eligibly situated; newly furnished, and possesses accommodations unexcelled by any House in the State.
Orders for the Omnibus promptly attended to when left at the Hotel office.
may 23-3m

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE



RALEIGH & AUGUSTA AIR-LINE,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, N. C., May 28, 1876.
On and after Monday next, May 29th, trains on the R. & A. A. L. R. R. will run daily, (Sunday excepted) as follows:

MAIL TRAIN.

Train leaves Raleigh	3:35 P. M.
Arrives at Sanford	7:20 P. M.
Arrives at Cameron	8:45 "
Train leaves Cameron	4:30 A. M.
Leaves Sanford,	5:30 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	8:55 "

Mail Train makes connection at Raleigh with the Richmond & Danville road, to and from all points North.
And at Sanford with the Chatham Railroad, to and from all points on Western Railroad.

WINDER, Superintendent.

mh 11

THE DAILY NEWS.

The Official Organ of the City.

FRIDAY.....JULY 7, 1876.

THE RALEIGH NEWS.

PUBLISHED

IN THE NEWS BUILDING,

No. 5, Martin Street.

TERMS:

ADVERTISING RATES.—Per square (ten lines, Nonpareil) first insertion $1.00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.00. Contracts for advertisements of any space or time can be made at the NEWS counting-rooms.

CONTRACTORS will positively not be allowed to exceed their space, or advertise other than their legitimate business, except by paying specially for the same.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—Daily, one year, $5.00; six months, $3.00; three months, $2.00. Weekly, one year, $1.00; six months, 75 cents. Invariably in advance.

CIRCULATION.

THE DAILY NEWS has the largest daily circulation in the State, and over double the circulation of any other daily in Raleigh.

The combined circulation of the Daily and Weekly NEWS is nearly 5,000, and reaches more readers than any other paper in North Carolina.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot, under any circumstances, return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

☞ *All Communications should be addressed, simply*

THE NEWS, Raleigh, N. C.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

FOR PRESIDENT:

SAMUEL J. TILDEN,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

THOS. A. HENDRICKS.

OF INDIANA.

FOR GOVERNOR:

ZEBULON B. VANCE,

OF MECKLENBURG.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:

THOMAS J. JARVIS,

OF PITT.

FOR PUBLIC TREASURER:

J. M. WORTH,

OF RANDOLPH.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:

JOSEPH A. ENGLEHARD,

OF NEW HANOVER.

FOR PUBLIC AUDITOR:

SAMUEL L. LOVE,

OF HAYWOOD.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:

THOMAS S. KENAN,

OF WILSON.

FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:

J. C. SCARBOROUGH,

OF JOHNSTON.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:

DANIEL G. FOWLE,

OF WAKE.

JAMES MADISON LEACH,

OF DAVIDSON.

FOR CONGRESS—4TH DISTRICT:

JOSEPH J. DAVIS,

OF FRANKLIN.

ONE of the questions in this campaign is the schools. The N. Y. *Herald*, in a calm review of the issues says "the fear that the success of the Demo rats will imperil our school system is utter quackery."

THE German outlaws may as well resign themselves to this, that they can never get possession of the city Government until the Supreme Court says the Raleigh Charter of 1875 is unconstitutional and void, if then.

THE war in Europe has begun in earnest. It is the cross against the crescent. Four hundred years ago the Turkish flag was first planted on European soil by Mohammed II. The prospects for a general war and the dismemberment of the Ottoman Empire are good.

MR. JOHN WOODHOUSE has become editor and proprietor of the Concord *Register*. In a well-written salutatory, he announces the fact, and proclaims his devotion to the party which has ever had the ringing support of the *Register*. We cordially welcome Mr. Woodhouse into the journalistic ranks.

THE National Ode, which we published on yesterday, was received by telegraph. That was a feat of journalism unprecedented in this State. We have never before known of a North Carolina newspaper laying before its readers as a telegraphic dispatch a long poem.

IT IS reported that troops will be stationed in this State in order to intimidate the people and carry the State in November for the Republicans. It is rather late in the day of Radical rule to attempt this game. The white men of the South are not to be scared by the flash of bayonets. That thing has played out. The only use to which the soldiers can be put in the South this year, is to bury the Republican party with Military honors on the 7th of November.

RADICALS AND RALEIGH.

The Republicans of this city, led on by John C. Gorman and others, seem bent on getting possession of the Government of Raleigh. It seems to be their purpose to leave nothing undone by which they may accomplish their designs. Such indomitable perseverance in a foolish undertaking has rarely been exhibited by any set of politicians in this State.—Never before in the history of North Carolina, has there been seen such a hard fight for the spoils of office.

The plaintiffs in the suit against the present city authorities are John C. Gorman, who claims to be Mayor of the city; Albert Magnin (white), William Yearby (white), James H. Jones (colored), M. B. Barbee (white), W. W. White (white), Stewart Ellison (colored), A. W. Shaffer (white), and Virgil Ricks (colored), who claim to be Commissioners of this city—by virtue of the bogus election held by the Radicals in May last.

The defendants are the Mayor, Board of Commissioners, Clerk, and Treasurer, of the city of Raleigh, who are in office by virtue of the regular annual municipal election of May last.

The plaintiffs sued for a mandamus on the 24th of June, requiring the defendants to deliver up all the public estate, property and offices, real and personal, belonging to the city of Raleigh, and to cease exercising the duties and functions of their respective offices.

On the 26th of June the writs of mandamus were issued, and served upon the defendants by the Sheriff during the 26th and 27th days of the month.

In the meantime an appeal from Judge Watts' order was taken to the Supreme Court, and Judge Watts ruled that the Sheriff should take cognizance of this appeal—the effect of which ruling was to stay the mandamus proceedings until the case was decided by the Supreme Court. In consequence of this, the Sheriff, as it was right for him to do, withheld from the defendants the writs which had been served upon them. And the whole matter, it was thought, would rest quietly until the Supreme Court was heard from.

But the plaintiffs, who have almost run mad in their desperate struggle for office, were not satisfied. They were impatient for the flesh-pots.—They could not abide the regular action of the Courts; but go and sue out against the defendants an attachment for contempt of Court in failing to obey the writs of mandamus, which the Sheriff had withdrawn pending the appeal.

The Order to show cause why defendants should not be attached for contempt was granted by Judge Watts on the 5th inst.; and the defendants are cited to appear in answer thereto this afternoon at 5 o'clock, before Judge Watts.

This is a brief statement of the case. The plaintiffs have no just cause of action. Their claims to the government of the city have not even the semblance of right.

The whole affair is a wretched attempt of a few hungry, seedy, pothouse politicians to get into office—the Paradise of Radicalism. They must be condemned by all right-thinking men, as a set of unpatriotic, unscrupulous and grasping fellows, who, without the shadow of Right, are putting the city to useless expense and sowing discord among the people.

THE PERSONNEL OF THE SENTINEL.

We are requested by one of the proprietors of the *Sentinel* to say that in giving the personnel of the *Sentinel* we should have stated that Col. P. Donan is the Editor of the *Sentinel* and not Mr. Hearne.

Mr Hearne is one of the proprietors of the paper, the firm of Smith, Batchelor & Co., being composed of Messrs. George A. Smith, William Plummer Batchelor and William A. Hearne.

Of Col. Donan it is hardly necessary to speak, he is so well known to the reading public of North Carolina, as well as other States, both South and North, for the vigor, versatility and brilliancy of his facile, dashing pen.

We welcome him back to the Metropolitan press, well knowing that we will find in him a genial cotemporary as well as a powerful ally in the cause of Democratic reform.

Col. Donan will do double duty in this campaign. He will continue to edit the Danville (Va.) *News*, over whose columns he has presided with such signal ability for the last few months.

SETTLE AND HOWERTON.

Now we are informed that Judge Settle denies that he ever said he would not serve on the ticket with Dr. Howerton.

Judge Settle may have said that he would not like to carry a load in the canvass, and the inference may have been made that he alluded to the the Secretary of State—and hence these rumors.

Or it may be that his Honor, having exercised himself with carrying such a whale as Ulysses S. Grant, is disposed to regard with profound disgust any intimation that he would hesitate to carry through this or any other canvass a minnow like William H. Howerton.

Congress has removed the disabilities of General Robert Ransom.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

W. W. Flemming, Esq., is in the city.

Hon. James H. Merrimon, of Asheville is sojourning at the Yarboro.

Capt C. B. Denson has returned from Philadelphia and is in Raleigh to-day.

Henry Ward Beecher's sixty-third birthday arrived last Saturday week.

Ex-Secretary Bristow has abandoned his intention of visiting Europe this summer.

"Tilden to Hayes is like butter to skim milk," writes an old Democratic farmer from Westchester County.

Miss Sue Hubard's Prize story, "Two Sides of a Question," will be commenced in the Baltimore *Sun* on the 8th inst.

Col. Thomas M. Holt, who has been attending the Superior Court as a witness in the Swepson trial, was called suddenly to Haw River yesterday, on matters connected with his factory.

Roanoke *News*: The members of the North Carolina delegation to the St. Louis Convention were the recipients of many courtesies at the hands of Senator M. W. Ransom, for which they are duly grateful.

A vagrant British tinker who stopped in front of the residence of the late Sultan and cried, "Scissors to grind! scissors to grind!" was set upon by several hundred widows and nearly beaten to death.

The venerable Leslie Coombs of Kentucky, admonished the St. Louis convention with this peremptory dispatch on Tuesday. "If Gov. Tilden be nominated by your convention we can beat public thieves, plunderers and bribe-takers. Do your duty."

One Radical journal says Hayes is a virtuous man and a Presbyterian. Another remarks that he is honest and a Methodist. We have fallen upon evil times when the statement of a man's religious belief must be so qualified.—*N. Y. World.*

A pleasant incident of the Centennial Exhibition was the marriage of Miss Bertha Danfelt, daughter of the Swedish commissioner, to Mr. Christoforsen, consul-general of Sweden and Norway, which took place last Thursday afternoon, in the Judge's pavilion.

J. J. Astor and William B. Astor propose to erect a magnificent stone altar and reredos in Trinity church, as a memorial of their father, the late William B. Astor. It is to be built of Caen stone, white marble and alabaster relieved by gold and mosaic.

Governor Hayes gave his adherents a good text when he said in his recent reception speech. "I understand very well that it was not because of my ability that I was chosen. There were accidents and contingencies that caused this result." That may be called a campaign truth.

Dr. Samuel Graves, of Michigan, felt called upon recently to preach a sermon on the wickedness of the present Nation Administration. His text was: "For they commit falsehood, and the thief cometh in and the troop of robbers spoileth without." His first sentence was: "These words describe but too truly the condition of things in our country to-day."

THE STATE CAMPAIGN.

Hon. T. J. Jarvis spoke at Rocky Mount on the 4th.

Col. Ike Young addressed the Radicals at Nashville on the 4th inst.

The campaign will open grandly in this city about the middle of the present month.

A Tilden and Vance club was organized in Goldsboro last night.

The Democrats of Pamlico county have organized a Tilden and Vance Club.—*Goldsboro Messenger.*

There will be a grand ratification meeting in this place on Tuesday next. Hon. D. G. Fowle, Hon. John F. Wooten, and other distinguished speakers are expected to address the people.—*Goldsboro Messenger.*

Great enthusiasm was manifested at the mass meeting in Stonewall, Pamlico Co. The speeches of Messrs. Engelhard, Kenan, Clark and Shepherd were well received. From all indications Pamlico is sure of 250 Democratic majority.

Roanoke News: The Republicans of the first district have nominated S. McD. Lindsey, Esq., for Congress. Most of our leaders know Mr. Lindsey, perhaps by reputation, he being the same who was recommended by then Senator John Pool to ex-Governor Holden as a proper person to do the work of "closing" Governor Graham, Governor Vance and others.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Wayne Superior court convenes on Monday next.

An escaped convict on the Western road was killed a few days ago.

Capt. R. A. Shotwell's historical address has been postponed until October.

Miss Maggie Weddington of Mecklenburg was found dead in a mill-pond, She is supposed to have committed suicide.

Goldsboro *Messenger*: The free Will Baptist are discussing the proposition of building a college or high school in North Carolina.

Bishop Gibbons has appointed Father J. Alfred Frederick, of Baltimore, to succeed Father Hands, the married Priest, in Charlotte.

Goldsboro *Messenger*: A change of schedule went into effect on the Atlantic Road yesterday. The mail train arrives here at 11:50 a. m., and returning leaves Goldsboro at 2:10 p. m. The freight train leaves here every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 p. m., and arrives from Newbern at 1:15 p. m. same days.

FOURTH OF JULY 1876.

How the Day was Observed in North Carolina.

NOTES, INCIDENTS, &C.

HALIFAX COUNTY.

A balloon was sent up. Some of our patriotic citizens celebrated the "Glorious Fourth" with a fish fry at Colonel Long's pond near here.—*Roanoke News.*

WAYNE.

The Fourth passed off quietly in this place. A large number of colored people excursioned the 4th of July to Morehead and Beaufort. The court house bell wrs rung on Tuesday noon for half an hour in honor of the one hundredth anniversary of our National Independence.—*Goldsboro Messenger.*

The Fourth was duly observed at Fremont. An eloquent speech was delivered by E. A. Thompson, and Rev. M. Wood opened the meeting with prayer.

ROBESON.

The Glorious Fourth passed off quietly. Our streets presented no extraordinary, excited throngs as they did in the days of "Broad Horns," and 1870, and nothing but the calendar reminds us that this is the day for green watermelons and radical demonstrations.—*Lumberton Robesonian.*

FORSYTHE.

The day was splendidly observed in Salem. There was a Centennial prayer meeting on the night of the 3d. There was the usual bell-ringing, gun-firing and the town was filled by one of the finest assemblages of people ever seen in Salem and Winston. Mr. Robert T. Gray was the Orator. The exercises were of so interesting and novel a character that we will publish them in full in our next.

ORANGE.

Durham *Herald*: There was a gala time yesterday among the colored excursionists. They arrived from Raleigh at an early hour, and spent the day in marching through the streets to the ear-splitting music of drum and fife. *C. H. Dunston, Esq.*, of Raleigh, appeared to be the leading spirit, and with his bell-teaser ornamented with a wreath of rosie posies he looked as happy as a June-bug in harvest.

GRANVILLE.

The 4th was celebrated in Oxford with a degree of interest unprecedented before or since the war. A full account will appear in athe NEWS.

GASTON.

Charlotte *Observer*: A correspondent writes us that the Fourth was celebrated at Woodlawn, Gaston county, by about 200 negroes, men, women and children. They had dinner which they called a pic-nic, and the day was noisily spent in eating, drinking and dancing, and marching to the music of drum and fife, under a flag, the device on which our correspondent could not decipher. Late in the day a most boisterous row occurred, participated in by about one half or the celebrants. It resulted in the shooting of Jerry Tate in the bowels by George McLure, both colored. McLure was arrested and sent to jail.

MECKLENBURG.

Tuesday last was a gala day for the colored people of Charlotte. In addition to the population here, excursion trains came in from Washington and Statesville, and colored people came in from the surrounding country, until the streets were crowded. In the morning a procession was formed and marched through the streets headed by the Star Band. In the procession was the Neptune Fire Company, the Sons of Zion, the Daughters of Samaria, several Sunday Schools and other organizations. The crowd proceeded to a grove near Biddle Institute where the exercises were opened by prayer and singing. After this followed addresses by A. B. Lawrence, D. W. Culp Prof. Shedd and Prince Brown. Dinner was announced and after this, speeches were made by Rev. E. Eagles, J. T. Schenck, Prof. Cresswell and J. L. Bailey, Jr. The speeches were all appropriate to the day, and all were destitute of objectionable features. The crowd marched back to the city about 6 o'clock in the afternoon and quietly dispersed themselves.

SELECT THE BEST.

Wadsworth, Martinez & Longman's

PURE PAINTS,

PREPARED

For Immediate Use.

We guarantee our paints to be more durable and to give a handsomer finish than any Pure White Lead and Oil, and to be more economical

They are not a CHEMICAL PAINT and contain NO WATER—NO ALKALI—NO ADULTERATION, but are composed of such materials only as are used by the best Painters.

We agree to paint any building with English B. B. or any other White Lead if our paint does not give entire satisfaction.

We intend consumers shall have a chance to try our Paints WITHOUT RUNNING ANY RISK.

Williams & Haywood

AGENTS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

'76. 100 YEAR SHINGLES. '76.

If any Shingles will last 100 years, ours will. Try them.

MERRELL & GLOVER, Princeton

JOSEPH JONES, Agent, Raleigh

may 31-Dtf

STATIONERY.

ALFRED WILLIAMS,

Bookseller and Stationer,

Two Doors north of Tucker's Store

Under Watson's Photograph Gallery, where he has more room and better accommodations for conducting a

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE.

He keeps on hand a large stock of

Books, Stationery,

AND

FANCY GOODS,

EMBRACING

School, Miscellaneous,

And Standard Books,

Sabbath School and

Song Books,

Bibles and Testaments,

Prayer and *Hymn* Books,

Albums and Chromo

Pictures, Account

and Blank Books,

LATEST STYLE OF

FINE AND PLAIN STATIONERY, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, &c.

He is Agent for the sale of the N. C. Reports, Battle's Digest, Eaton's Form Book and Wheeler's N. C Manual. Special terms to Merchants and Teachers.

mch 9-tf.

SUPREME COURT REPORTS.

I offer for sale one complete set of North Carolina Reports, up to this time for

$450.00.

It is doubtful whether another full set can be made up for a reasonable price, owing to the number of volumes now out of print, and not to be had in the market.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, Bookseller,

ap 15-tf

EATON'S FORM BOOK.

I have on hand a few copies of Eaton's Forms, a book gotten up by a distinguished Lawyer, which I am now selling at the reduced price of $4, bound in the best Law Sheep.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, Bookseller,

apr 15-tf

GEOLOGY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

I have for sale the Report of the Geological Survey of North Carolina by Prof. W. C. Kerr, 1875. Price $3.50.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, Bookseller.

apr 15-tf.

GOSPEL HYMNS and SACRED SONGS, by Bliss and Sankey, Used in Gospel Meetings, Sabbath Schools, &c.

Price in board covers with Music, 35 cts.
" cloth covers without 10
" paper covers " 5

A large supply of the above popular song books just received at the Bookstore of

feb 15 ALFRED WILLIAMS.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDER.

NEW PLANING AND

Moulding Mill,

ON R. & G. R. R.,

Opposite Peace Institute,

KINGSLEY & ASHLEY,

BUILDERS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1853.

BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, AND SATCHELS.

The times as well as the people have changed. The great demand of the masses is

A Good Article for a Little Money.

MARCUS HARRIS & BRO,

No. 15 Fayetteville St. Raleigh, N. C.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

BOOTS AND SHOES.

We are selling BOOTS and SHOES, &c, for less money than they ever have been sold for in this market, and futhermore state, they do not wish any one to take their say in the matter, but call and examine for themselves

TRUNKS, SATCHELS, VALISES

and all other articles kept that are usually found in a first-class boot and shoe house. The attention of the trade is called to our stock, as we are prepared to offer greater inducements than any other house in Raleigh.

WE HAVE ONLY ONE PRICE, AND THAT THE VERY LOWEST.

OUR TERMS ARE STRICTLY CASH.

Mr. C. Hutchings, (formally with A. Creech), is with us, and will be pleased to see his friends and acquaintances.

MARCUS HARRIS & BRO, 15, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK

OF NORTH CAROLINA,

RALEIGH, June 29th, 1876.

A Dividend of FOUR PER CENT, on the Capital Stock of this Bank has been declared payable to the Stockholders on the 6th day of July.

C. DEWY, Cashier.

Jul 1-til d

BOLOGNE, PORK AND BEEF,

HAM SAUSAGE AND SMOKED BROILING BEEF,

AT

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH'S.

25 BBLS. N. C. CUT HERRINGS.

AT

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH'S.

HAMMILL & WEIR,

CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS,

DEALERS IN

Marble and Stone Work, Lime, Rosendale and Roman Cement, Hair, Laths, and MANUFACTURERS OF BRICK,

Furnish Curbing at one-half usual cost; Flagging at small advance on brick; Window and Door Sills, Water Tablets, Steps and Carriage Blocks for a trifle more than wood. All from our new stone. Estimates for any class of work furnished on application.

Office Fayetteville street, next to Sand and building, Raleigh, N. C.

may6-tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

The Southern Underwriter's Association.

INSURES ALL KINDS OF PROPERTY AGAINST

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $1,000,000 00
ASSETS, MAY 5, 1876, 152,379 19

HOME OFFICE

RALEIGH, N. C.

ARMISTEAD JONES, PRESIDENT, G. W. BLACKNALL, TREASURER, R. W. BEST, SECRETARY.

Parties desiring to insure their property should patronize this Company, for the following reasons; It is a safe corporation, combining solvency and stability, (two of the most essential points in an Insurance Company) as the following certificate from the Secretary of State sets forth:

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE, RALEIGH, May 5th, 1876.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to certify that I have thoroughly examined the "business affairs and finances" of "The Southern Underwriters Association," Raleigh, North Carolina, in accordance with the provisions of an act to amend sections 42, 43 and 44 "Battle's Revisal," chapter 26, ratified 19th day of March, A. D. 1875, and do find that said company is "doing business upon sound principle, within the provisions of its charter, and in compliance with the laws of the State of North Carolina," and that they are possessed of the following securities, which will more fully appear from statement on file in this office:

United States Bonds (market value),	$70,200 00
N. C. R. Road Bonds (market value),	19,000 00
N. C. County and City Bonds (market value),	19,875 00
Mortgages on Real Estate in N. C. (first liens),	33,196 00
Cash on hand, in Bank and in hands of Agents,	10,108 19
Total,	$152,379 19

In accordance with the authority delegated to me by the Legislature, I hereby approve the Report of said Company filed this day.

Given under my hand and seal of office.

WM. H. HOWERTON, Secretary of State.

It protects the policy-holder, for its Charter requires 5 per cent. of the premiums received to be deposited with the State Treasurer for that purpose.

Its stockholders are among the prominent business men in North Carolina.

It is under the control and management of native North Carolinians.

Its officers are known throughout the State.

It will insure your property on the most reasonable terms.

It will keep your money at home.

Live, Active, Reliable Agents wanted in every part of the State. Address,

R. W. BEST, Secretary, Raleigh, N. C.

may16

McCALLUM & COOPER

Founders and Machinists,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Manufacturers of the HOPE ENGINE, CAROLINA GIN, and the best Power Cotton Press made. Also Agents for the Leffel TURBINE WATER WHEEL. Every

HOPE ENGINE

now in use, gives perfect satisfaction; we guarantee them superior to any other vertical Engine sold in the State, and superior to ANY Engine, either vertical or horizontal, sold at the same price. All our Engines give more than rated power. They are made very strong and durable, and so simple that any boy of ordinary intelligence can learn to run them with safety in a few hours. We claim for them

MORE PERFECT SAFETY, GREATER DURABILITY, SIMPLICITY and ECONOMY

than any Engine of the same price. Parties who think of buying engines for Cotton Gins or Presses, Corn or Saw Mills, &c., should correspond with us before purchasing elsewhere. Full price list with all particulars, sent on application.

OUR CAROLINA GIN.

Iron Frame, has given the very best satisfaction wherever used. We have on hand several small wooden-frame Gins, which we will sell very cheap for CASH.

Our Power Cotton Press

is now, owing to improvements recently put in, the very best offered to planters of this State. It can be managed with one-half the labor required by any hand-power Press.

THE SEFFELL DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL

is unsurpassed for strength, compactness and economy of power. Over fifty in use in the State, and all giving universal satisfaction.

We also manufacture Saw Mills, Shafting, Pulleys, Tanks, Pollies—all and every kind of mill-boiler or machine work. Repairing and jobbing done promptly at manufacturers prices, and by skilled workmen. For further particulars, address

McCALLUM & COOPER,

June 2 tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISFIT CARPETS.

English Brussels, Three-Ply and Ingrain; also, Stair Carpets, Velvet Rugs, Crumb Cloths, etc., very cheap at the Old Place,

112 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK.

Carpets carefully packed and sent to any part of the United States free of charge.

☞ SEND FOR PRICE LIST ☜

de 9—D&Wly J. A. BENDALL.

TAILORING.

NEVER BEFORE EQUALLED THE LARGEST STOCK ON RECORD!!!

C. WEIKEL HAS RETURNED!

He is Still at the Old Stand With a Larger Assortment of

SPRING GOODS

THAN EVER.

U. S. CENTENNIAL GOODS.

FOURTH JULY CENTENNIAL GOODS

1776. Latest Styles 1876.

Look at my latest Fashion Plates and choose your style.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SUITINGS

in fact anything you want. Come and see me, I know I can suit you.

WEIKEL'S ESTABLISHMENT,

is at the old place, one door South of the Southern Express Office.

I GUARANTEE ALL MY FITS.

C. WEIKEL.

NOTICE.

The next Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the R & A & R R Co will be held at the Company's office, in Raleigh on Friday the 21st July, 1876, commencing at 12 o'clock, noon.

W W VASS, Sec'y and Treasurer

Jun 29-til d

NOTICE.

The 26th Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the R & G R R will be held at the office of the Company in Raleigh on Thursday, the 20th of July, 1876, commencing at 12 o'clock, noon.

W W VASS, Sec'y and Treasurer

jun 29-til d

MEAL! MEAL!! MEAL!!

1,000 Bushels Best White Bolted Meal

Just received at

GATTIS & JONES.

JUNIPER SHINGLES.

28,000 Good Juniper Shingles for sale cheap.

jun 24-tf JAS. M. TOWLES.

NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of the late Dr. Charles E. Johnson, all persons indebted to the estate will please come forward and settle; and I hereby notify all persons holding claims to present the same within the time prescribed by law or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery.

CHAS. E JOHNSON, Administrator.

tf.

I TAKE THIS METHOD OF informing the public that I am constantly receiving Eggs and Butter fresh from the county of Chatham and am selling Eggs at 16⅔ cents. Butter at 25 and 30 cents, Sugar Cured Hams 17½ cents, Sugar 10 cents, Rumford's (genuine) Yeast Powders 15 cents. Just received to-day a lot of fine Sweet Potatoes and Groceries in general, all going at prices to suit the times for cash. Also a new, small and well-arranged house on Hillsboro street for rent. Apply to

D. T. JOHNSON, No. 5 Hargett street.

my30-1m

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR RENT!

The Store House and lot on Fayetteville St., opposite the Market House now occupied by J. C. S. Lumsden

FOR SALE!

A lot of bar Sheeting Copper, Brass, etc., also complete set of copper and tin smith tools.

For further particulars, apply to Paul Thiem, agt., at C. D. Heartis shoe store up stairs.

tf.

IMPORTANT SALE!

By virtue of the provisions of a deed of mortgage executed to the Life Association of America of St. Louis, Mo., by Leonidas M. Green and wife O. G. Green, on the 29th April, 1872, and recorded in Book 3, page 71 in the office of the Register of Deeds of Wake county, I will expose to public sale at the Court House door in the city of Raleigh, on

MONDAY, JULY 10TH, 1876,

a certain tract of land, situate in the county of Wake, about two miles south of the city of Raleigh, adjoining the lands of M. A. Green, A. A. Green and others, and containing one hundred and one acres, more or less. Terms of sale: CASH.

C. M BUSBEE, Attorney for the Life Association of America.

june 16-Dtds.

3 KITS FRESH VIRGINIA MOUNTAIN BUTTER—Cheap.

AT

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH'S.

3 KEGS FRESH GOSHEN BUTTER,

AT

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH'S.

NOTICE

The Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Raleigh Cemetery Association (Oakwood) will be held at the City National Bank, Thursday, July 6th.

J. C. BLAKE, Secretary.

Jun 30-td.

I S E M E N T .

er's Association.

PERTY AGAINST

E BY FIRE.

$1,000 000 00
752,379 19

E

N . C .

BLACKNALL, TREASURER,
ETARY.

stronize this Company, for the fol-
g solvency and stability, (two of the
the following certificate from the

TE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
RALEIGH, May 5th, 1876.

f the "business affairs and finances"
aleigh, North Carolina, in accord-
ns 42, 43 and 44 "Battle's Revisal,"
do find that said company is " in
sions of its charter, and in compli-
nd that they are possessed of the
ein statement on file in this office:

$70,200 00
19,000 00
19,875 00
33,196 00
10,108 19

$152,379 19

by the Legislature, I hereby ap-

HOWERTON, Secretary of State.

es 5 per cent. of the premiums re
hat purpose.
ss men in North Carolina.
North Carolinians.

le terms.

r of the State. Address,
BEST, Secretary, Raleigh, N C

C O O P E R

Inchinists.

C.,

NA GIN, and the best Power Cotton
WATER WHEEL. Every

GINE

thers superior to any other vertical
ine, either vertical or horizontal,
than rated power. They are made
or ordinary intelligence can learn
or them

TY, SIMPLICITY and ECONOMY

think of buying engines for Cotton
spond with us before purchasing
on application.

A GIN.

ever used. We have n w on hand
l very cheap for CASH.

on Press

very best offered to planters of this
plied by any hand-power Press.

E WATER WHEEL

ny of power. Over fifty in use in

ys, Tanks, Rollers—all and every
jobbing done promptly at manu-
er particulars, address

McCALLUM & COOPER,
Raleigh, N. C.

PETS.

e, Stair Carpets, Velvet Rugs,

t the Old Place,

NEW YORK.

any part of the United
ge.

J. A. BENDALL.

NOTICES.

INISTRATORS NOTICE.

ving qualified as Administrator of
te of the late Dr. Charles E. John-
persons indebted to the estate will
nse forward and settle; and I
tify all persons holding claims
st the same within the time pres-
by law or this notice will be plead
recovery.
CHAS. E JOHNSON,
Administrator.

KE THIS METHOD OF
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ly receiving Eggs and Butter fresh
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D. T. JOHNSON,
No. 5 Hargett Street.
-3m

OR SALE OR RENT.

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FOR SALE!

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C. M BUSBEE,
for the Life Association o
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NTAIN BUTTER—Cheap.

AT
& A. B. STRONACH'S.

GS FRESH GOSHEN

BUTTER,

AT
W. C. & A. B. STRONACH'S.

O T I C E .

Annual meeting of the Stockhold
Raleigh Cemetery Association
will be held at the Citizens'
Bank, Thursday, July 6th.
J. C. BLAKE,
Secretary.
-d.

THE DAILY NEWS.

FRIDAY.....JULY 7, 1876.

THE WEEKLY NEWS is the cheapest paper published in North Carolina. It is only *one dollar* per year, postage paid, contains 32 columns of plain printed news from every section of the country, and important advertisements. *Always Cash.*

CENTENNIAL FOURTH.

The Celebration in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 4.—Although the sun shone brightly this morning the heat was not as intense as it has been for the past few days, owing to a fine breeze which was prevailing. The day was ushered in by the firing at sunrise of a national salute by the Keystone Battery in Fairmount Park, and by the ringing of the chimes and church bells throughout the city.

THE SCENE IN THE STREETS.

At a very early hour throngs of people from all sections of the city commenced moving towards the streets over which the military parade was to pass, and by half past 8 o'clock those streets were crowded to their utmost capacity. The display of bunting on the principal streets was simply wonderful; banks, stores, public buildings, and private residences were all gay with flags, streamers, and drapery.

THE MILITARY DISPLAY.

The military formed in line on Broad street, and commenced to move at half-past 8 o'clock.

The streets were in excellent condition and the troops marched with very little inconvenience. They were enthusiastically cheered at different points on the route.

Among the features of the parade was the Centennial Legion, which was organized expressly for the occasion, and is composed of a company from each of the original States, as follows: Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, North Carolina; Boston Light Infantry, Massachusetts; Washington Light Infantry, South Carolina; State Fencibles, Pennsylvania; New Haven Grays, Connecticut; First Light Infantry Regiment, Rhode Island; Old Guard, veteran battalion, New York; Norfolk Light Artillery Blues, of Virginia; Clinch Rifles, of Georgia; Amoskeag Veterans, of New Hampshire; detail of one hundred men from the Fifth Infantry of Maryland; Phil. Kearney Guards, of New Jersey; American Rifles, of Delaware.

COMMEMORATIVE EXERCISES.

The commemorative exercises of the day were held in Independence Square, and at 10 o'clock every available spot in the square and on the streets in the vicinity were crowded with people. A stand with seats for four thousand invited guests had been erected, and at 10:15, when the ceremonies commenced, it was entirely filled.

DISTINGUISHED PERSONS PRESENT.

The members of the Japanese Centennial Commission were among the first to take their places on the platform. The arrival of Governor Hayes and General Sherman, and Lieutenant-General Sheridan soon after, was the signal for great cheering.

THE GRAND OVERTURE.

At fifteen minutes past 10 o'clock General Hawley called the immense assemblage to order, and an orchestra of two hundred and fifty musicians, under the leadership of Professor Gilmer, opened with the grand overture "The Great Republic," arranged for the occasion by the composer, George F. Bristow, of New York.

ALL HAIL DOM PEDRO.

While the music was in progress a shout of enthusiasm signalized the arrival of the Brazilian Emperor Dom Pedro. He came directly to the front of the platform and acknowledged the cheers of the people by raising his hat, and then returning to his seat.

ADDRESS BY GENERAL HAWLEY.

At the conclusion of the music General Hawley advanced to the stand and announced as the presiding officer of the day Hon. Thomas W. Ferry, Vice-President of the United States.

General Hawley was greeted with an outburst of applause as he took his seat, which continued while Vice-President Ferry stood upon the stand and made his little speech.

PRAYER AND WELCOME.

Right Rev. William Bacon Stevens then offered prayer, giving thanks, and invoking the Divine blessing.—At the conclusion of prayer the chorus sang the hymn "Welcome to all Nations," composed by Oliver Wendell Holmes, of Massachusetts.

READING THE DECLARATION.

Vice-President Ferry then introduced Richard Henry Lee, of Virginia, who read the Declaration of Independence.

The original manuscript of that document was brought forward by Mayor Stokley, to whose care it had been entrusted by the President of the United States. It was placed upon the speaker's stand facing the vast multitude in the square, and for five minutes the vicinity fairly rang with cheers. Finally, quiet being restored, Mr. Lee read the Declaration in a clear, ringing voice. The reading was frequently interrupted by cheers as some patriotic sentiment would be heard.

GREETING FROM BRAZIL.

Following the reading of the Declaration came the greeting from Brazil, a hymn for the first centennial of American independence, composed by A. Carlos Gomez, of Brazil, at the request of his Majesty Dom Pedro II, Emperor of Brazil.

The announcement of this portion of the programme was received by the assemblage with every manifestation of favor. The Emperor rose to his feet with the rest of the distinguished personages present, and listened with great attention.

Bayard Taylor then recited the national ode, of about four hundred lines, composed by himself.

At the conclusion of its reading he was very heartily applauded. The grand triumphal march, with chorus, "Our National Banner," by Dexter Smith, of Massachusetts, was then rendered by the orchestra and chorus, after which the orator of the day, William M. Evarts, of New York, was introduced, and was the recipient of loud and continued cheers.

HON. W. M. EVARTS' ORATION.

Mr. Evarts devoted the largest part of his oration to a clear, terse, and eloquent description of the remote and proximate causes that led to the enunciation of our Declaration of Independence, paying a glowing tribute to the courage, foresight, and grand determination of its signers—a band of patriots who not only thereby founded our freedom, but "proclaimed liberty to all the peoples of the earth."

CONCLUSION OF CEREMONIES.

Mr. Evarts having concluded his oration the Hallelujah Chorus from Handel's Messiah was performed by the orchestra and chorus, and the ceremonies were concluded with the singing of the doxology, "The Old Hundred Psalm," in which the entire assembly joined.

After cheers for Generals Sherman, Sheridan, and Hooker, and the Governors of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, and New Jersey, and for Dom Pedro and Mr. Evarts, the audience gradually dispersed.

The Peace of America.

[N. Y. Herald.]

While all the world is in a seething, angry condition; while Europe resounds with the tramp of armed men; while emperors are holding anxious councils and every moment may see the flame; while Servia strikes at Turkey, and we all know that Servia is the lance head and Russia the lance; while even England shows the awakening of the warlike spirit, we close our century in profound peace. We celebrate the peace in the great Exhibition. Here, under the flowering, majestic spreading branches of our liberty tree, is room for all who choose to come. A century ago there were three millions—to-day there are more than forty. What may we expect in another hundred years? How often has it been said—how often will it be said, we fear, to-day and to-morrow—that Franklin and Washington would not know their land were they to come to the earth and take their place in Independence square with the huzzaing thousands who are to listen to the eloquence of Mr. Evarts? If we have done so much in one century what may we not hope in the century to come? Let us enter upon the new era cherishing the lessons and heeding the warnings of the century that ends to-day, with the hope and the prayer that another century will find us still in the triumphant enjoyment of liberty and peace, still striving for the highest and noblest destiny.

North and South.

[N. Y. Herald.]

The only point of difference between North and South is the want of a proper understanding. This was one of the reasons that led to the war, and it has been at the bottom of our difficulties about reconstruction. In the beginning the South underrated the North. Victory has led the North to underrate the South. There can be no reconstruction that will not begin with an old fashioned Fourth of July friendliness. When Northern and Southern men feel as they felt at Moultrie and Brandywine there will be true reconstruction. So far, therefore, as the Centennial is the bringing together of the two sections it will be a blessing to the country.

A Fact That is Eloquent.

[Utica Observer.]

Less than two years ago Samuel J. Tilden was elected Governor of New York. It was the year after the panic. The people felt poor and they demanded a reduction in the expenses of the Government. The taxes for 1874 were $16,000,000. The taxes for 1876 are $8,000,000. There is no humbug, no sham, no false pretences about that. It is one of those solid, substantial facts which touch the pocket, and influence the judgment of every citizen of every community in the State, for every man is a taxpayer.

Aged Ones Dead.

[Hillsboro Recorder.]

Mrs. Ellis widow of the late Ira Ellis died at her residence in this county last week aged 93.

Also, Mr. John Murphy, living near Cedar Grove, died on Sunday week, of cancer, aged about 80.

"Granny" Gilly Ware died in the Poor House of this county last week, aged 96.

Ann Lee Couch, well known about Chapel Hill as "Dr. Couch" died also in the Poor House aged about 80.

The most enterprising of Yankees can hardly match the latest novelty in Scotch advertising. The proprietors of the Glasgow *News*, a tory journal, have rented the estate of Bullwood, near Dunoon, which lies sloping to the Firth of Clyde, and on which they are now cutting out of the turf the name of the paper in letters seventy feet long and correspondingly wide.

The Southern negroes are bothered over Hayes and Wheeler. The names of Morton and Blaine had been worked into their heads, and seemed to represent something; but the Cincinnati ticket is a blank to them.

The man who beat the popular General Dix in his own State by 50,000 votes, will not have much to fear from the unknown Governor Hayes, of Ohio.

Modern Women.

It is a sad commentary upon our boasted civilization that the women of our times have degenerated in health and physique until they are literally a race of invalid,—pale, nervous, feeble, and back-achy, with only her and there a few noble exceptions in the persons of the robust, buxom ladies characteristic of the sex in days gone by. By a very large experience, covering a period of years, and embracing the treatment of many thousands of cases of those ailments peculiar to Women, Dr. Pierce, of the World's Dispensary, Buffalo, N. Y., has perfected, by the combination of certain vegetabe extracts, a natural specific, which he does not extol as cure-all, but one which admirably fulfils a singleness of purpose, being a most positive and reliable remedy for those weaknesses and complaints that afflict the women of the present day. This natural specific compound is called Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The following are among those diseases in which this wonderful medicine has worked cures as if by magic and with a certainty never before attained by any medicines: Weak back, nervous and general debility, falling and other displacemen's of of internal organ resulting from debility and lack of strength in natural supports, internal fever, congestion, inflamation, and ulceration and very many other chronic diseases incident to women, not proper to mention here, in which as well as in the cases that have been enumerated, the Favorite Prescription effects cures—the marvel of the world. It will not do harm in any state or condition of the system, and by adopting its use the invalid lady may avoid that severest of ordeals—the consulting of the family physician. Favorite Prescription is sold by dealers in medicines generally.

MEDICINAL.

AN ADDRESS TO THE SICK.

Do you want to purify the system?
Do you want to get rid of Biliousness?
Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
Do you want good digestion?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?
If you do,

TAKE

SIMMONS

LIVER

REGULATOR

PURELY VEGETABLE,

Is harmless,
Is no drastic violent medicine,
Is sure to cure if taken regularly,
Is no intoxicating beverage,
Is a faultless family medicine,
Is the cheapest medicine in the world,
Is given with safety and the happiest results to the most delicate infant.
Does not interfere with business,
Does not disarrange the system,
Takes the place of Quinine and Bitters of every kind,
Contains the simplest and best remedies.

ASK the recovered dyspeptics, Bilious sufferers, victims of Fever and Ague, the mercurial diseased patient, how they recovered health, cheerful spirits and good appetite—they will tell you by taking Simmons' Liver Regulator.

THE CHEAPEST, PUREST AND BEST FAMILY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD

It contains four medicinal elements, never united in the same happy proportion in any other preparation, viz: a gentle Cathartic, a wonderful Tonic, an unexceptionable Alterative and certain Corrective of all impurities of the body. Such signal success has attended its use, that is now regarded as the

EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC

For all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Spleen.

As a Remedy in

MALARIOUS FEVERS, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, MENTAL DEPRESSION, RESTLESSNESS, JAUNDICE, NAUSEA, SICK HEADACHE, COLIC, CONSTIPATION and BILIOUSNESS

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

CAUTION!

As there are a number of imitations offered to the public,
We would caution the community to
Buy no Powders or Prepared SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR unless in our engraved wrapper with Trade Mark, Stamp and Signature unbroken. None other is genuine

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Macon, Ga., and Philadelphia.

Your valuable medicine Simmons Liver Regulator, has saved me many Doctors bills. I use it for everything it is recommended and never knew it to fail; I have used it in Colic and Grubbs, with my Mules and Horses, giving them about half a bottle at a time. I have not lost one that I gave it to, you can recommend it to every one that has Stock as being the best medicine known for all complaints that Horse flesh is heir to.

E. T. TAYLOR, Agent for Grangers of Ga.
oc 28-deoD&W12m

FARMERS' HALL,

Raleigh, N. C.

Agency for the sale of the Celebrated champion

Reapers and Mowers.

Guiser Thresher and Separator.
Sinclair & Smith's Threshers and Horse Powers.
Montgomery Wheat Fans,
Horse Rakes and Gleaners,
Cotton and Corn Cultivators and Harrows,
Dickson Sweeps, with or without stocks
Watt Plows—all sizes, Scrapers, Sweeps
Cutting Knives, Corn Shellers, &c.

At manufacturers prices, with freight.

J. M. TOWLES,
Agent.
Jul 1-tf

TAR FOR SALE.

I have on hand and for sale 100 Barrels of TAR, which I will deliver free on board at Apex for

$3.50 PER BARREL.

G. B. ALFORD,
Apex, N. C.
Jul 1-1w.

PEASE! PEASE!!

300 Bushels Pease, Clay, Red, Speckle Tand Black. For sale cheap for cash

—AT—

GATTIS & JONES'
Grain and Forage Store.

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL AND Highly Artistic Business Cards, Show Placards, Calendars for 1876, and Ornamental Printing of every description produced at short notice.
Call and see specimens.
NEWS FINE ART PRINTING ROOMS.

ANOTHER LOT OF FRESH EGGS, a small lot nice fresh butter just received from Chatham. Family supplies always on hand at the very lowest cash prices
may D. T. JOHNSON,
No. 5 Hargett St.

METROPOLITAN WORKS.
CANAL ST. FROM SIXTH TO SEVENTH
RICHMOND, VA.



ENGINES, PORTABLE AND STATIONARY, SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS, BOILERS, CASTINGS OF BRASS AND IRON, FORGINGS, &c.

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORK, in all its branches, done by experienced hands

We call special attention to our IMPROVED PORTABLE ENGINES for agricultural purposes.

A number of second hand ENGINES and BOILERS of various patterns, in first-rate order, on hand.

Repair work solicted and promptly done

WM. E. TANNER & CO.
myl4dawim

EXCURSION TO PHILADELPHIA AND RETURN.

RALEIGH & GASTON R. R.,
OFFICE GEN. PASS. AGENT,
Raleigh, July 3, 1876.

An excursion train will leave Raleigh on the morning of the 11th inst., at 10 o'clock a.m., for Philadelphia via R. & G. and S. & R. R. R., connecting with the magnificent steamer "Florida," of the Bay Line.
Fare: Round trip to Philadelphia, $18.75.
TICKETS GOOD FOR THIRTY DAYS.
These tickets will only be sold on the morning of the 11th, but will be good to return any day within 30 days
THOS. BADGER,
Gen. Pass. Agt.
july 4-td

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1876.

DEPOT---RALEIGH, N. C.

FOR THE SALE OF

EGERTON'S SCOTCH SNUFF,

(Manufactured by W. G. Parsons.)

At Factory Prices.

SPECIALTIES. SPECIALTIES. BEST

BOLTED VIRGINIA MEAL.

PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR.

LIVERPOOL FINE SALT.

LAUNDRY SOAPS.

Address - - - - W. H. DODD,
Commission Merchant.

THOS. H. BRIGGS & SONS.

HARDWARE STOVES & C

Seasonable Goods.

MASON'S PORCELIAN LINED

FRUIT JARS,
APPLE PARERS,
PRESERVING KETTLES,
WATER COOLERS,
ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

FLY TRAPS.

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE AND STOVES,

WAGON AND BUGGY MATERIAL,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass,

COTTON GINS
AND
Machinery.

BRIGG'S BUILDING RALEIGH.

KEYSTONE PRINTING INK COMPANY,
Manufacturers of
Printing Inks,
(Book and News Black a Specialty.)
135 North Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Our Inks are of a superior quality, being made from the best ingredients and under the personal supervision of a practical printer and pressman, therefore we will guarantee every pound of ink sold to bear a Superior Jet Black, Quick Drying, and Free from Setting-Off.
Our prices are from 30 to 50 per cent lower than any other Inks manufactured in the United States.
A trial of a sample keg will convince any printer that he has been paying nearly double what he should for his Inks in times past. Put up in kegs and barrels to suit purchasers. Address
KEYSTONE PRINTING INK CO.,
135 North Third Street,
may 30 tf Philadelphia, Pa.

FLOUR!! FLOUR!!

IN SACKS OR BARRELS

AT From $5.50 to $8.50 per Barrel

—AT—

GATTIS & JONES'
Wilmington Street.
Jul 1-tf

WHITE BEANS!!

AT $1.00 PER BUSHEL,

—AT—

GATTIS & JONES',
Wholesale Grain and Feed Store.

NOTICE.

Any person having for sale a No. 9 size Herring's IRON SAFE, second hand, and not more than two years old, can find a purchaser by addressing
P. O. BOX, 283.
Jun 29-tf

KINGSLEY & ASHLEY,

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS,

PLANING AND MOULDING MILL,

SCROLL-SAWING AND TURNING.

Rough and dressed lumber, all kinds and any quantity. Sawed heart pine shingles, White pine Sash, Doors and Blinds at short notice.

KINGSLEY & ASHLEY,
Raleigh, N. C
jun 24-tf

GENUINE BOLOGNA SAUSAGE,

AT

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH'S.

H. A. REAMS

Still Ahead.

Largest average of Tobacco ever made in the State.

H. A. REAMS,
OF
DURHAM WAREHOUSE,

Sold on the 18th 2570 lbs of Tobacco for $8,125.68, averaging $32 40 per cwt.
When you have Tobacco REAMS is the man to sell it. He has special arrangements on wrappers.
May 26-d&w-tf

ROSES AND EVERGREENS.

The subscriber is prepared to furnish promptly all classes of Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Roses (40 varieties) Flowering Shrubs, Flower Seeds, and a large variety of Greenhouse Plants. Orders filled immediately. Plans for improvement and surveys made. Notes through the City Postoffice will receive prompt attention. Orders for Plans may be sent to Kelvyn Nursery, Pittsboro', or to the subscriber, in Raleigh.
feb 26—tf C. B. DENSON.

MOREHEAD CITY AND BEAUFORT.

Line of Fast Sailing Boats.

No Monopoly. Fair Play
AND
HONEST COMPETITION.

On the first day of July, the finely constructed and well arranged boats, Sunny side, Z. B. Vance, Jesse Douglas, Cissie Davis, Lettie Dill, and Nameless, will commence regular connections with the trains of the Atlantic & N. C. Railroad at the hotel wharf at Morehead City. Visitors will also be taken to any point on the harbor on the most reasonable terms. The boats are commanded by the most experienced and careful boatmen in the State, who can give satisfactory guarantees against any accidents apprehended by those unacquainted with water travel.
The utmost

COURTESY AND ATTENTION

will be shown all passengers, and the desire to please will be a paramount object.
They are North Carolina built boats, commanded by true sons of the Old North State. This Line has no special privilege accorded it; has no ticket agent on the Road, and no favor shown it by any corporation, and hence simply relies on its own well known merits for public patronage.
If first-sailing boats, good accommodations, polite and kind attention and cheap rates will command support, then the claims of this line are presented to the favorable consideration of visitors.
Fare each way 15 cents, with baggage free. Favorable terms made with sailing parties.

DANIEL BELL, Capt.
A. J. DIXON, "
MOREHEAD CITY, N. C., June 23d, '75.
june 27 30d

4 BBLS. NEW RIVER MULLETS,—FRESH,

AT

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH'S.

CHEAPEST GROCERIES IN TOWN.

First-Class Goods—Polite Salesmen.

Butter and Eggs a Specialty,
—at—
No. 5, HARGETT STREET.
D. T. JOHNSON.

LIQUORS.

THE OLD CONCOCTOR OF COCKTAILS,
CAPT. AYCOCKE at it again,

I respectfully beg leave to inform my friends and the public generally, that I have opened at Hosea's old stand, opposite Camp Russell, Hargett Street, a

BAR ROOM and BEER GARDEN

where I shall keep a full line of fine Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. The store is now with private rooms. The BAR, one of the finest in Raleigh. The Garden laid with neat walks; Summer Houses, Flowers, Swings, Ale Guns, Quoits, Newspapers, &c. Call and see me.
Open at all hours, day and night.
apl 11 D3m J. C. AYCOCKE.

B SELECT WHISKEY.

I have analyzed the Whiskey known as B-SELECT, controlled by Messrs. Walter D. Blair & Co., Richmond, Va., and find it free from Fusil Oil and other impurities, and recommend its use for medicinal and other purposes.
L. R. McCAW, M. D.,
Late Professor of Chemistry Medical College of Virginia.
January 18, 1872.

GEORGIA CLUB WHISKEY,
5 years old,
GREY'S RYE WHISKEY,
8 years old,
APPLEWOOD RYE WHISKEY,
PURE NORTH CAROLINA OLD CORN WHISKEY,
GIN, BRANDY, WINES, &c,
For sale by
R. F. JONES & CO.,
Wholesale Liquor Dealers.

SUMMER RESORTS.

PIEDMONT SPRINGS,

STOKES COUNTY, N. C.,

This popular watering place will be open for visitors June 15the 1876.
At Winston is the nearest point of the Railroad, where daily conveyance will be found to the Springs.
This watering place has the usual attractions,

PARLORS, BALL ROOM, BAR, BILLIARD and BOWLING SALOONS.

The Parlor will be furnished with a Piano for the amusement of the ladies.
A number of Cottages for rent at $3 per week for each room.
Terms of Board per day $2, per week $12 50, per month $45. Children of ten years and under, half price. Colored servants half price. Good accommodations for stock. For further information apply to the Proprietor at Danbury, N. C, who will furnish circulars with full particulars. All mail matter should be addressed to Piedmont Springs, Winston, N. C.
S. B. TAYLOR,
may27-6w

SEASIDE RESORT

ATLANTIC HOTEL,
BEAUFORT, N. C.,
Centennial Season, June 1st, to Oct. 1st

New Management and many New Attractions. Address
J. M. SUBLETT,
map 24-tf Manager.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

CATAWBA CO., N. C.,

This celebrated Watering Place will be open for select visitors 1st June, 1876. The Springs are situated near Hickory Station on the Western N. C. Railroad.
The bracing mountain atmosphere, with the health restoring properties of their waters, render these Springs a most desirable resort for invalids and pleasure seekers.
The mineral waters embrace Blue and White Sulphur and Chalybeate.
It is the Best and Most Extensively Fitted up Watering Place in the State. Can accommodate 300 persons.
GOOD BAND OF MUSIC, TEN PIN ALLEY, BILLIARD TABLE, AND A

SUPPLY OF ICE.

An Omnibus will meet the daily trains at Hickory Station to convey passengers to the Springs.
BOARD $35 per month of 28 days. Half price for children and servants, and a liberal deduction for Families.
DR. E. O. ELLIOTT,
may21tf Owner and Proprietor.

GROCERS.

R. F. JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Liquor Dealers

AND

Commission Merchants

Also Manufacturers Agents for

GUANOS AND COTTON GINS.

Always have a large assortment of Goods in our line.

PHŒNIX DISINFECTANT.

(The Best and Cheapest Deodorizer)

INSTANTLY STOPS

BAD SMELLS AND NOXIOUS GASSES

CHEAP AND DURABLE. TRY IT.
Agency 78, William St., New York.
mar 15-d tf.

SOLID WEALTH!

$600,000 IN GIFTS!

Grandest Scheme ever presented to the public!

A FOTUNE FOR ONLY $12.

The Kentucky Cash Distribution Company, authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Schools of Frankfort, will have the first of their series of Grand Drawings at Major Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on Thursday, August 31, 1876, on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

THOS. P. PORTER, Ex-Gov. Ky. Gen'l Man
POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT

LIST OF GIFTS.

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
One Grand Cash Gift		20,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
50 Cash Gifts of	$1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 Cash Gifts of	200 each	40,000
500 Cash Gifts of	100 each	50,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of	12 each	120,000
Total, 11,156 Gifts, All Cash		$600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets $100; 24 Tickets $200; 85 Tickets $500; 95 Tickets $1,000. 100,000 Tickets at $12 each.
Remittances can be made by express, draft, Postoffice money order or Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.
All communications connected with the distribution, and orders for Tickets, and applications of Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to
HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
Gen'l Manager, Frankfort, Ky.

10 BBLS. FAT NO. 3, FAMILY MACKEREL.

AT

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH'S.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

WALTER CLARK.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RALEIGH N. C.

Practices in the State and Federal Courts. Collections made in any part of the State. Office in Law Building, Fayetteville St. ap15-1y

R. G. LEWIS

Attorney at Law,
2ND FLOOR BRIGGS' BUILDING,
Raleigh, N. C.

Practices in all the Courts. Prompt attention given to collections throughout the State. je 13—1y

JOHN W. HINSDALE

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
(Over Citizens' National Bank.)
RALEIGH, N. C.

Attends all the Courts in Fayetteville and Raleigh. Collections made in any part of the State. Refers by permission to each of the Banks in Raleigh, and to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.
may 9-D1y

JNO. W. GRAHAM, Hillsboro, N. C. JAS. A. GRAHAM, Graham, N. C.

GRAHAM & GRAHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Practice in the Courts of the 7th Judicial District, the Supreme Court of the State and the Federal Court. ap15-1y

REMOVAL OF OFFICE.

DR. WILLIAM LITTLE,
Office: at his residence, corner of Blount street and Newbern Avenue. ja 14—1y

JOS. B. BATCHELO

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Raleigh, N. C.
Office in Law Building, corner Fayetteville and Davie streets. ap15—1y

DR. P. BABCOCK, DENTIST, has opened his old office over C. D. Heartt's Shoe store, where he will be glad to see his many friends requiring Dental Operations. All operations carefully performed, and at reduced prices. feb22 tf

SCHOOLS.

HILLSBORO MILITARY ACADEMY.
HILLSBORO, N. C.

The Fall Session of this Classical and Mathematical School will open July 31st. For circulars, containing full particulars, apply to the Principals.
jun7-2aw2m HAMILTON & MORSON.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The 15th Session will begin on FRIDAY JULY 14th and close on THURSDAY DECEMBER 7th.
Besides three courses of study arranged by the Faculty, an Optional course admits a large range of choice.
The necessary expenses, exclusive of clothing and traveling, vary from $100 to $130 for the session.
For Catalogue, &c., apply to
KEMP P. BATTLE,
President, or
GEO. T. WINSTON,
Secretary.
June 20-D&w-td. Chapel Hill, N. C

GREENSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.
GREENSBORO, N. C.

The Fall Session will begin on Wednesday 23d of August, and continue 20 weeks.
Board (exclusive of washing and lights), $75.
Tuition in regular English course $25. For Catalogue, apply to Rev. T. M JONES, President. N. H. D. WILSON,
President Board of Trustees.
June 27, w6w.

KENMORE UNIVERSITY HIGH SCHOOL,
AMHERST COURT HOUSE, VA.

H. A. STRODE, (Math. Medalist, Univ. Va.,) Principal and Instructor in Mathematics and Natural Sciences.

H. C. BROCK, B. Lit., Univ. Va., (recently Assistant Instructor in Latin, Univ. Va.,) Instructor in Greek, Latin, French and German.

Strictly Preparatory to the University of Virginia.

Students are received if over ten years of age; those under fifteen are separated from the older pupils and are specially provided for as needing more care and supervision. The school is located in the healthiest region of the State, at the foot of one of the spurs of the Blue Ridge, and is easily accessible by Railroad. A large gymnasium, well appointed, is a late important addition to the School.
TERMS FOR HALF SESSION, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE:
Tuition and Board, (including fuel and medical attendance,) $15.
For Students under 15 years of age, Tuition and Board, (including fuel, medical attendance like and washing,) $175.
Postoffice, Express Office, and Telegraph Office Address, Amherst C. H., Va.
For catalogue, address,
H. A. STRODE,
PRINCIPAL.
july 4-2mo.

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL, HILLSBORO, N. C.

The thirty-fifth session of the Messrs. Nash & Kollock's School, will open on Friday, the 4th instant, August, 1876. Board and tuition reduced to $105. Circulars sent on application.
july 2

D. MORGENROTH,

No. 1202 MAIN STREET,
(Next Door to Planters' National Bank)
RICHMOD, VA.,

Respectfully informs the public that he has commenced the Lithographic business and is prepared to execute orders for Commercial and Chromo-Lithographic work of every description. Having much experience in the business, and possessing ample facilities, he is therefore prepared to solicit orders for Bonds, Certificates of Stock, Checks, Notes, Drafts, Insurance Policies, Autograph Circulars, Cards, Letter, Note, and Bill headings, Portraits, Chromo Views, Show Cards, Chromo Tobacco Labels, Diplomas Maps Plans, &c., which will be promptly executed in the best style and at fair prices.
Revenue Stamps imprinted on all Commercial work when desired
Orders for Stamped Work delivered C. O. D.
He will be pleased to furnish estimates for work of any description, and if favored with your orders, will guarantee satisfaction in every respect.
Respectfully,
D. MORGENROTH,
ap22-1f 1202 Main Street.

CARPENTER & EARL,

At Western Terminus Hargett St.,

HAVE FIVE HUNDRED CORDS

Seasoned Pine Wood

to be delivered in any part of the city at $3 per cord.

ONE HUNDRED CORDS

OAK AND HICKORY WOOD

at $3.50 per cord.

COAL at $10 per ton.

LUMBER at low figures.

Send your orders to our Yard, or through the Post-office and they shall receive prompt attention. may 12

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

☞ THE DAILY NEWS IS THE ONLY PAPER IN RALEIGH THAT TAKES THE TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS, AND IS THE ONLY ONE THAT FURNISHES THE LATEST NEWS AND MARKET REPORTS.☜

GEN. CUSTER KILLED BY THE INDIANS.

They Slaughter Custer and all His Men—His Entire Family Die at the Head of the Column.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Gen. Hancock arrived this morning, it is supposed, for consultation over the terrible situation of affairs in the Indian country. There has been no official account of the following disaster, which seems well confirmed: Gen. Custer found the Indian camp of twenty-five lodges on Little Horn, and immediately attacked with five companies, charging into the thickest of the camp. Nothing is known of the operations of the detachment after the charge as they were only traced by their dead. Major Rino attacked the lower part of the camp with seven remaining companies. Custer and his two brothers and nephew and brother-in-law with about three hundred others were killed and only thirty-one were wounded. Two hundred and seven men were buried in one place. The Indians surrounded Rino's seven companies and held them in the Hills one day away from water. Gen. Gibbon's command then came in sight and the Indians broke camp and left in the night, a remnant of the 7th cavalry and Gibbon's command returning to the mouth of Little Horn where there was a steamboat. The Indians got all the arms of the killed soldiers. Seventeen commissioned officers were killed. The whole of Custer's family died at the head of the columns. Another account says of the battle on the 25th, that thirty or forty miles below Little Horn Custer attacked a village of 2,500 to 4,000 warriors on one side, and Col. Rino on the other. General Custer and fifteen officers, and every man of five companies were killed. Rino retreated under protection of the reserves. The whole number killed was three hundred and fifteen. Gen. Gibbons joined Rino. The dead were much mutilated. Lieutenant Crittenden, a son of Gen. Crittenden, was killed.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Appointments—No Treasurer Yet.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—It is understood that Col. Geo. B. McCarter, formerly Superintendent Printing and Engraving will become Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

F. Sewell by request of the President succeeds Garrison as chief special agent.

S. Guthrie succeeds Gilfeller as Cashier of the Treasury.

Packages of notes sent for redemption must remain in the hands of the Express Company. They cannot be handled without a Secretary of the Treasury.

No Serious Fight Since the Servian Victory.

LONDON, July 6.—The *Times* to-day in its second edition has a special dispatch from Rogersa, which says there is a complete panic among the Mussulmen and Herzgovinians over the approach of the Montenegrians, and they have taken refuge in the fortresses. The country is apparently abandoned. It is reported that the Turkish successes at this side are fabrications. Advices have been received from Semlin, a Hungarian town on the Danube, nearly opposite Belgrade, that there has been no serious fight between the Servians and Turks since the latter's victory at Soitschar

Sparks From Yesterday's Wires.

Don Carlos and suite have left New Orleans via Mobile.

A tornado at Burlingtoh, Iowa, yesterday killed several citizens and wounded twenty.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOS. T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City. ap 16-D&W6m

REVIVE THE DROOPING ENERGIES.—When the physical energies droop, revive them with that safest and most active of tonics, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. By a timely use of this salutary and agreeable medicine you will save yourself from positive disease; for, be assured that the languor and loss of strength and appetite which troubles you is in fact the precursor of some malady of, perhaps, a serious nature. Appetite, tranquility of the nervous system, and pristine vigor, will assuredly be restored if the Bitters are used systematically, and the alimentary disturbance, which in nine cases out of ten gives rise to debility and nervousness, be entirely removed. Regularity of the bowels, active biliary secretion, the expulsion of impurities from the blood through the kidneys, are also among the beneficent effects of this admirable restorative.

Iron in the blood. Colden's Liebig's Liquid Extracts of Beef and Tonic Invigorator enriches the Blood, aids Digestion, cures Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Debility, Chills, Fever, Ague, and Female complaints. Williams & Haywood agents Raleigh, N. C.

THE MASONIC JOURNAL,
Greensboro, N. C.

The only Masonic Weekly published in the South. Eight pages, Thirty-two broad columns. Will treat of every topic of interest to the Craft. A weekly household companion of which every Mason may justly be proud. (See Prospectus.)
TERMS. One year, $2. Six months, $1.25.
E. A. WILSON,
de 9—tf Greensboro, N. C.

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

WHOLESALE CASH PRICES.

Corrected by PARKER & AVERA.

RALEIGH, July 6, 1876.

COTTON.

Cotton quiet. Receipts light

Middlings,	10¾	Cts
Low Middlings,	10¼	"
Clean Stained,	9½	"
Deep "	8½	"
Inferior,	7½	"

General Market.

COTTON TIES, 6¼ cents.
FLOUR, North Carolina $6.00a$6.25.
CORN, 75a80c.
CORN MEAL, 80@90c.
BACON, N. C. hog round, 14a15.
" " hams 16@17.
Bulk Meats, Clear Rib Sides, 13@13¼.
" Shoulders, 11 cts.
LARD, North Carolina, 16¼.
" Western tierces, 16½.
" kegs, 17.
COFFEE, Prime, Rio, 22a23.
" Good, 21a22
" Common, 20¼
SYRUP, S. H. 50.
MOLASSES, Cuba, 45.
SALT, Marshal's, $2.25.
" Evans', $2.15.
NAILS, on basis for 10s, $3.65.
SUGAR, A. 12
" Extra C, 11.
" Yellow C, 9¼@10.
LEATHER, Red Sole, 27
" Oak tanned, 40.
HIDES, green, 5½
" dry, 10@11.
TALLOW, 7.
POTATOES, sweet, 75 80 cts. per bushel.
" Irish, $1.00a$1 50.
OATS, shelled, 65.
" sheaf, from wagon, 1 25 cts.
baled, $1.00.
FODDER, baled, new $1.25.
HAY, N. C, baled, good, 90c$1.00.
EGGS, per dozen, 15 cts.
BUTTER, N. C., 35a40.
BEESWAX, 25.
RAGS, 2½
" picked, 3 cents.
BEEF, on foot, 8c
" dressed prime, 10c.
HEAVY COPPER, per pound, 16c
LIGHT " " 12
BRASS, per pound, 8 to 10c.
PEWTER, per pound, 7 to 10cts.
LEAD, per pound, 3½c.
OLD IRON, per 100 pounds, 60c.
SHEEP SKINS, per piece, 35a50c.
WOOL—washed, per pound, 30a35c.
unwashed 20 to 25c.
old, 75 cents; burry, 20 cts.

Durham Tobacco Market.

Quotations Corrected by H. A. REAMS, Proprietor of Durham Warehouse:

Lugs,	
Dark,	$ 5 00 to 5 50
Red,	6 00 to 7 00
Bright Lugs.	
Common new,	7 00 to 8 00
Medium,	8 00 to 10 00
Good,	12 00 to 14 00
Fancy,	16 00 to 20 00
Red Leaf.	
Common dark,	6 00 to 7 00
Good,	7 50 to 8 50
Fine,	9 00 to 11 00
Bright Wrappers.	
Common,	12 to 15 00
Medium,	18 to 27 00
Fine,	40 to 50 00
Extra,	60 to 75 00

Weather dry, not much on the market. Demand good for Fine Wrappers and Fancy Smokers. Supply not equal to the demand. Prices on good brights firm.

Henderson Tobacco Market.

Reported by J. S. MEADOWS & Co.

Lugs.	
Common,	$ 4 00 to 4 50
Good,	5 00 to 6 50
Leaf.	
Common,	6 00 to 7 50
Good,	8 00 to 10 00
Fine,	10 00 to 12 00
Lugs Bright.	
Common,	7 00 to 9 00
Good,	10 00 to 15 00
Fine,	20 00 to 25 00
Fancy,	20 00 to 25 00
Bright Wrappers.	
Common,	15 00 to 25 00
Good,	25 00 to 40 00
Fine,	50 00 to 75 00
Extra,	85 00 to 125 00

Market very active for all grades of tobacco, especially for bright wrappers and smokers.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, July 6—Cotton quiet; consolidated net receipts 1163; exports to Great Britain.

Futures quiet: July 11 3-32a12 25-32; August 11 29-32a12 29-32; Sept. 11 27-32a11 7-8, October 11 5-8a11 11-16; Nov. 11 17-32a11 19-32.

Wheat; good demand; Corn firm with fair export business; unsettled; sales on graded mixed. Coffee, Rio quiet and very firm. Lard quiet. Pork firm.

Rosin quiet. Turpentine quiet.

Money easy at 3@4 per cent. Sterling steady 8½. Gold firm at 12a12¼ Governments dull and strong; new fives at 17⅝; States bonds quiet.

Foreign Markets.

PARIS, July 6—Rentes 104
LONDON, July 3—Consols 93 13 16. Erie, 13¾.
LIVERPOOL, July 6—noon—Cotton flat irregular; mid. uplands 6; mid. Orleans 6 1-6; sales 1,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000.

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, July 6—Flour quiet heavy. Wheat firmer and higher; Penn red $1.35; Maryland red good to choice 1.30. Corn steady; western weak and lower; southern white 56a57; yellow 55a56.

Cotton Markets.

BALTIMORE, July 6—Cotton dull—middlings 11¼. Sales 300 bales.
WILMINGTON, July 6—Cotton quiet—middlings 11. Sales 10 bales.
NORFOLK, July 6,—Cotton quiet; middlings 11.

RECORD OF THE YEAR.

The Second Number Ready to-day,

FOR MAY, 1876,

Containing among one hundred and seventy other a tractive articles, the following points of special interest:—
The Moody and Sankey Revivalists, with an accurately prepared account of their wonderful successes in England and America to the present day.
The Babcock trial, with Judge Dillen's charge, &c
Charlotte Cushman. Her life, career and death.
Solving of the Easter Date, this year.
Particulars of the great fire in New York. Feb. 8.
George Tichnor's Visit to Lord Byron,
The Exquisite Poem, Grandfather's Pet.
Life and Labors of Horace Bushnell.
Roosevelt's Valentine to Mrs. Croly (Jennie June.)
Death of John Forster, the Historian.
Polygamy in Utah—How and what it is.
Presidents of the United States and their certain fate.
Trumbull's Comic Pilgrim's Progress,
Man. a great Failure. Moody's Remarkable Sermon.
Diary of all important acts and debates in Congress.
Playing Cards for a Wife. A true story.
Things to be laughed at, from the Detroit Free Press, and other comic American paragraphists.
Widder Green's Last Words, and other popular humorous and pathetic poems.
Altogether, the richest collection of entertaining fact and fiction ever presented at one time between the covers of a magazine.
Beautifully printed, with a superb new steel portrait of Moody, the Revivalist.
*** Price, 50 cents.

G. W. CARLETON & CO., Publishers
Madison Square, New York.

'76 —THE— '76
Louisville Weekly
Courier-Journal

Is the great family newspaper of the country, adapted to every locality and to all the people. Live Editorials, Spicy Paragraphs, All the News, Copious Market and Finance Reports, Original Novels and Romances, Agriculture, and a full Grange Department —the very best general paper in the United States
Standard Books, Magazines and Illustrated Papers in connection with the WEEKLY COURIER-JOURNAL at merely nominal prices
PRENTICE'S POEMS with portrait and Biography, handsomely bound—a $2 book—and WEEKLY COURIER-JOURNAL one year, both postpaid, for only $3 00.
Terms—$2 a year, and $1 70, $1.00 and $1.50 in clubs. Best inducements to Agents and Subscribers ever offered. Sample copy and full descriptive circular FREE TO ANY ADDRESS. Write for them or send subscription to
W. H HALDEMAN,
'76 Pres. Courier-Journal Co., '76
Louisville, Ky.

RAILROADS.

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE R. R.

Richmond & Danville, Richmond & Danville R. W., N. C. Division & North Western N. C. R. W.

CONDENSED TIME-TABLE:

In effect on and after SUNDAY, December 19th, 1875.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	EXPRESS.
Leave Charlotte,	5.45 A. M.
" Air-Line Junction,	6 25 "
" Salisbury,	8.30 "
" Greensboro,	10.54 "
" Danville,	1.34 P. M.
" Dundee,	1.49 "
" Burkeville,	6.51 "
Arrive Richmond,	9 35 "

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	EXPRESS.
Leave Richmond,	5.50 A. M.
" Burkeville,	00 "
" Dundee,	2.39 P. M.
" Danville,	1.43 "
" Greensboro,	4.36 "
" Salisbury,	6.54 P. M.
" Air-Line Junction,	9.01 "
Ar'ye at Charlotte,	9.15 "

GOING EAST.		GOING WEST
STATIONS.	MAIL.	MAIL.
Lv'e Greensboro,	11.00 A M	Arr. 4.10 P M
" Co. Shops,	12.32 P M	Lv'e 2.56 "
" Raleigh,	3.55 "	" 11.15 "
Arr. Goldsboro,	6.40 P M	Lv'e 8.20 A M

Read down. Read up.

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.
(SALEM BRANCH.)

Leave Greensboro, 4:30 P.
Arrive at Salem, 6:15
Leave Salem, 8:40 A. M.
Arrive at Greensboro, 10:33 "

Lynchburg Accommodation leave Richmond daily at 9.00 a. m., arrive at Burkeville 12.36 p. m., leave Burkeville at 2 p. m., arrive at Richmond 4.34 p. m.
No change of Cars between Charlotte and Richmond, 202 miles.
For further information address
JOHN R. MACMURDO
Gen'l Passenger Agent, Richmond, Va.

CAROLINA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C, May 12, 1876.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after the 14th inst., trains will run over this road as follows
PASSENGER AND MAIL TRAINS Daily, (Sundays excepted.)

Leave Wilmington at.....6 20 p. m.
Arrive in Charlotte at.....6 40 a. m.
Leave Charlotte at.....6 30 p. m.
Arrive at Wilmington at.....7 30 a. m.

FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAINS—Daily, except Sundays.

Leave Wilmington at.....5 30 a. m.
Arrive at Charlotte at.....11 45 p. m.
Leave Charlotte at.....5 20 a. m.
Arrive at Wilmington at.....11 30 p. m

SHELBY DIVISION.

Leave Charlotte at.....7 00 a. m.
Arrive at Charlotte at.....6 00 p. m.
Arrive at Shelby at.....11 30 a. m.
Leave Shelby.....1 30 p. m

CONNECTIONS.

Connects with the A. T. & O. R. R and Western N C closely.
There is no delay in going to the West by this route A close connection is made at Wilmington with the W. & W. Railroad a 6.20 P. M., and at Charlotte with trains to Asheville next morning. Comfortable Sleeping Cars attached to each train.
☞ Papers publishing C. C. Railway schedule will please notice changes.
Time from Wilmington to Henry's, 23 hours. Close connection both ways, and on to the North.
S. L. FREMONT,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.
may 17 tf

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO R. R.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, RICHMOND, VA. June 17, 1876

On and after JUNE 18, 1876, passenger trains will run as follows:

FROM RICHMOND.

Leave Richmond,	6.30	A. M.	12.00 mid't
Ar. at Gordonsville,	1.00	P. M.	3.50 A. M.
Ar. at Washington,	8.30	P. M.	
Ar. at Charlottsville,	2.10	"	4.45 "
Ar. at Lynchburg,	5.00	"	8.30 "
Ar. at Staunton,	8.25	"	6.45 "
Ar. at Goshen,	6.10	"	9.56 "
Ar. at Millboro,	6.43	"	8.41 "
Ar at Covington,	8.23	"	9.59 "
Ar. at Alleghany,	9.24	"	10.41 "
Ar. at W Sul Springs	9.40	"	10.55 "
Ar. at Hinton,	12.40	P. M.	12.45 "
Ar. at Kan'ha Falls,	5.00	"	3.25 P. M.
Ar. at Charleston,	7.08	"	4.50 "
Ar. at Huntington,	9.30	"	7 00 "
Ar. at Cincinnati,			6.00 "

Train leaving Richmond at 9.30 A. M. runs daily (Sunday excepted,) stopping at all regular stations.
Train leaving Richmond at 12 00 P.M. runs daily stopping at Hanover, Louisa, Gordonsville, Charlottesville, Ivey, Mechum's River, Greenwood, Waynesboro, Staunton, Goshen, Millboro, Covington, and all regular stations west of Alleghany.
Accommodation train leaves Richmond for Gordonsville and all intermediate stations daily (except Sunday) at 4.45 P. M.
Sleeping cars run on all night trains and parlor cars on day mail trains east of W. Sulphur.
Ticket office and sleeping car open at 9.30 P. M. for the 12 midnight train.
Trains arrive at Richmond as follows:
Express train daily at..... 4.45 A. M.
Mail train daily (except Sunday) at..... 6 50 P. M
Accommodation train daily (except Sunday) at..... 8.30 A. M.
Trains coming to Richmond stop at stations as above.
Trains make close connection with trains of Richmond and Danville and Richmond and Petersburg railroads, both to and from Richmond.
For further information, rates, &c., apply at 827 Main street, or company's office.
CONWAY R. HOWARD,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
W. M. S. DUNN,
ju 30—tf Engineer & Sup't.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE,

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD, SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C., March 13th, 1875.

On and after Monday, March 13th, 1876, trains on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

MAIL TRAIN.

Leaves Raleigh,	10:00 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon,	3:30 P. M.
Leaves Weldon,	10:00 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh,	3:18 P. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leaves Raleigh,	5:00 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon,	5:25 P. M.
Leaves Weldon,	5:15 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh,	5:40 P. M.

Mail train makes close connection at Weldon with the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad and Bay Line Steamers via Baltimore, to and from all points North, West and Northwest, and with Petersburg Railroad via Petersburg, Richmond and Washington City, to and from all points North and Northwest.
And at Raleigh with the North Carolina Railroad to and from all points South and Southwest, and with the Raleigh & Augusta Air Line to Haywood and Fayetteville.
JNO. C. WINDER,
mh 11 Gen. Sup't.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

OFFICE SUP'T OF TRANSPORTATION, SEABORD & ROANOKE RAILROAD CO., PORTSMOUTH, VA., Sept. 14, 1875.

On and after WEDNESDAY, the 15th instant, trains will leave Portsmouth, daily, except Sundays, as follows:

Mail train at	5.50 A. M
No. 1 Freight train at	10.30 A. M
No. 2 Freight train, except Saturdays, at	7.15 P. M

ARRIVE AT PORTSMOUTH.

Mail train daily at	7.15 P. M.
No. 1 Freight train at	12.00 P. M.
No. 2 Freight train at	4.00 P. M.

☞ Mail train will stop only at Suffolk, Franklin, Newsom's Boykins, Margarettsville and Seaboard.
Freight trains have a passenger car attached, and will stop at stations for passengers.
Mail trains connects at Weldon with the Mail trains of the Wilmington and Weldon Raleigh and Gaston Railroads.
And on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at Franklin, with Steamers for Edenton, Plymouth, and Landings on Blackwater and Chowan rivers.
Freight received daily, except Sundays from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.
E. G. GHIO,
se 15—tf Supt. of Transportation.

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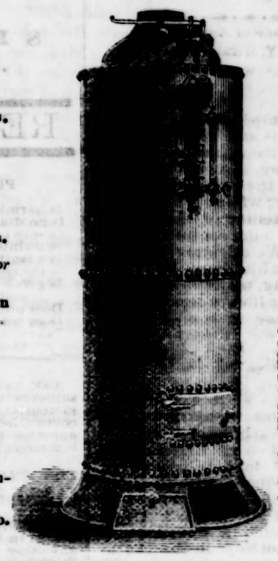
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I feel no hesitancy in saying this is the purest and best article ever offered them. I warrant each bottle to contain NO chemical whatever—nothing but the best vegetable preparation, (See recommendation of physicians,) and the purest Domestic Whiskey.
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june 1-tf

THE DAILY NEWS--Supplement.

RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 7, 1876.

ADDRESS
BY
HON. KEMP P. BATTLE,

Delivered at Metropolitan Hall, July 4th, 1876, Containing a History of the City of Raleigh.

Fellow Citizens:—I appear before you, dignated by the Aldermen of the city of Raleigh, in accordance with an act of Congress, to deliver an address on the history of the city of Raleigh from its beginning to the present time. The time allowed me has been short, the materials for the construction of such a history are not easily accessible, and the difficulty of the undertaking is increased by the destruction of the records of the city in 1865, when Sherman's army entered Raleigh. Still, believing that it should refuse, probably the work would be undone, I have, as far as other demands on my time would allow, not be omitted or postponed, but have bowed, done my best to aid in perpetuating facts in the history of our city, which neither we nor our posterity should allow to be forgotten. The task is all the more difficult because it is demanded to compress many facts about the past into the limits of a single address—material enough of a volume into a slender pamphlet.

HISTORY OF WAKE.

It is to be regretted that no special effort is to be made to unfold the history of Wake county. I hope this will be done hereafter. The centennial of Raleigh has not yet arrived. The centennial of Wake has passed.

The county of Wake was born in stormy times.

A little over one hundred years ago, on the 16th of May, 1771, the roar of cannon in battle was heard for the first time in the forests of Middle North Carolina. One army, 1,200 disciplined troops, was led by the Governor of the Province, under him able officers—on the other were two thousand half-armed men without experienced officers, unprovided with artillery. In this fight between Royalists and Regulators the victory was with the former, and in Hillsboro where now are the beautiful grounds of Mr. Paul Cameron, six of the leaders met the fate of felons on the gallows. Their deluded followers were dispersed and the war of the Regulation was ended. What was the cause of this fratricidal contest?

Of all forms of oppression the hardest to bear patiently is the payment of onerous taxes and other exactions to alien officers, to be expended at points distant from the taxpayers and for objects for which they have no sympathy. Such levies in our Saviour's time for the sensual luxuries of Roman Emperors caused the names of tax-gathers (or Publicans) to be synonymous with *robbers*. It was the hard and grinding sheriffs and other officers, with an occasional lawyer, like Fanning, who drove so many from Granville to the mountains into the war of the Regulation.

Previous to 1770 the county of Rowan covered nearly all the territory west of the Yadkin and a portion east of that river. Orange adjoined it on the east and was of extensive area. The Regulators were widely scattered throughout all this country. To prevent combinations among them, Gov. Tryon, who had great abilities as a statesman procured the incorporations of four new counties. On the east, out of part of Orange, Johnson and Cumberland he erected Wake and called it after the maiden name of his wife "the county of Wake and parish of St. Margaret's." Tradition hath it that her sister, Miss Esther Wake, was the chief lobby member who so turned the heads of our impressible ancestors by her rare beauty and accomplishments that they voted $100,000 out of their meagre store for a grand Governor's palace at Newbern—a measure so unpopular afterwards as to be one of the principle causes of the disaffection to the government. It was a proof of the gallantry of our forefathers even in the midst of war that when in 1779 they expunged from the State the hated name of Tryon and substituted those of Rutherford and Lincoln, they allowed the name of the beautiful Miss Wake to remain.

In the same year notwithstanding the giant arm of Pitt was no longer wielding the forces of England, as a measure of policy, Governor Tryon gave to the district through which flow the waters of the Haw and Deep rivers as a peace offering the name of Chatham with its county seat at Pittsbrough.

While Tryon thus conciliated one party, he neglected not to pay court to the rising sun. He called one of the other counties created then, after the Earldom of Guilford, of which the new prime minister, Lord North, was the heir apparent, and the fourth after the share of Surry in England of which Guilford is the county seat.

Our county thus formed, although honored with the name of the Governor's wife, did not hesitate to cast in her lot with the other colonists. At the Provincial Congress of 20th August 1775, which took measures for effectual resistance, appeared her delagetes: Joel Kave, John Hinton, Theophilus Hunter, Michael Rogers, Tignal Jones, John Read, and Thomas Hines, honored names in our county, many of whose descendants are among us now.

But time does not allow me to detail the part taken by the county of Wake in the great struggle, suffice it to say that our county sustained Independence, tering the great cause of dangers and sharing in the rejoicing with her sister of the period, final victory. soul in the

A copy of the charter of county may be found recorded in our Clerk's office. It is signed by Gov. Tryon at Newbern, May 22 1871. The first court was held in a log building on the open ground fronting the residence of Miss Kate Boylan, on 4th June 1771. The place was then called Bloomsbury. Probably some poetical sentimentalist of the day colned the name but the times were too stormy for flowers and blooms and soon we find the county seat is called Wake Court House and this so continued until it merged into Raleigh in 1794.

But I must hasten to my immediate task.

The settlement of North Carolina is one striking peculiarity. In most of the States streams of emigrants arrived successively at the same ports and flowed into the interiors along the same highways. But the early settlers of North Carolina came into its limits along different routes and made diverse centres of colonization. They spread from those centres on the right hand and on the left, by natural increase and by accessions from abroad. Thus the emigrants from England either directly from the mother country, or from Virginia, spread over the North-eastern or Albermale section. Germans and Swiss under de Graffenried transferred the name of Berne to the town at the confluence of the Neuse and the Trent. Cavaliers from England and Huguenots from France swarmed along the lower Cape Fear and pressed northward along the Pedee and the tributaries of the Sante, a kinsmen of the brave Scotch Irish, who defended Londonderry with a heroism unexampled for human endurance, and Lutheran Germans, who had fled from the atrocities of Louis XIV in the Palatinate, took possession of the larger parts of the valleys of the Haw, the Yadkin and the Catawba. Flora McDonald with her countrymen from the Highlands of Scotland, heart-broken from Culloden, found new homes on the Upper Cape Fear and the Lumber, and Moravians, worn out with persecutions in the old country, fondly hoped to rest in a home of peace—a blessed Salem, among the hills between the Yadkin and the Dan.

Hence North Carolina, within whose borders, are representatives of the Teuton and the Celt, the Anglo-Norman and the Frank, the Scandinavian and the Cymric—Cavalier and Roundhead, Episcopalians and Presbyterians, Catholics and Huguenots, Lutherans, Moravians, Quakers, and those who like Gallio, care for none of those things has never been a homogeneous State. All great enterprises have only been accomplished, and can only be accomplished by conciliation and compromise—from overturning a government to building a railroad from founding a State to the location of its capital.

The places of meeting the General Assembly, and of the officers of the executive branches of the government, were always in early times chosen by the operation of these principles; under the proprietory government which lasted until 1731, and then under the Colonial Government which lasted until the flight of Gov. Martin in 1775, the place of assembling of the Legislatures depended chiefly on the will of the Governor. The town of Governor Eden which looks on the tranquil waters of Albemarle, Newbern set like an emerald between the Neuse and the Trent. Wilmington so named from the Earl of Wilmington, Secretary of the colonies, the name of a refined, chivalric and hospitable people, destined to be leaders in the fierce struggles, which were to follow, were most favored by the court favorites, fresh from the old world, who liked not the rough life of the interior wilderness.

After the expulsion of the Royal Governor and the new born State had started on its own career, the Legislatures whether called Congress or Committee of Safety or General Assembly, for long time convened at their own will at different points, sometimes during the war to avoid danger from the enemy, but oftener like our Church Conventions for reasons of convenience and mutual accommodation. We find Newbern, Kinston, Halifax, Smithfield, Wake Court-house, Hillsboro, Salem, Fayetteville, Tarboro all honored, some of them, several times, with being for a few weeks the seat of government. To this pernicious practice we owe it that so many valuable documents have been lost or are so arranged that they cannot be made useful without great expenditure of labor and time.

How could public business be intelligently transacted when the officers of the State were located as they were before the birth of Raleigh? Take for example 1789, when Martin, of Guilford, was Governor; Wm. White, of Lenoir, was Secretary of State; John Haywood, of Edgecombe, was Treasurer; John Craven, of Halifax, was Comptroller, and James Iredell, of Chowan, was Attorney General—all the chief officers of the State residing in different counties, hundreds of miles apart.

One, who at this day, holding an account against the State grumbles because he cannot get his money in an hour after its presentation, should note the trials of a claimant against the State in what our old friend, James T. Morehead, called the "chaotic times."

The evil became insupportable and notwithstanding the jealousies of conflicting sections, the General Assembly of 1787, in providing for calling a Convention to consider the adoption of the Constitution of the United States, recommended the people of the State to instruct their representatives to "fix on the place for the unalterable seat of Government."

The Convention met in 1788 at Hillsboro. After refusing to adopt the new Constitution by one hundred majority. They proceeded to carry out the instructions of the people, in regard to the seat of Government.

After debate it was determined to select by ballot some point in the State, and leave it to the General Assembly to designate the exact spot within ten miles thereof.

The plantation of Isaac Hunter was on the North side of Crabtree on the great road between the North and the interior of South Carolina and Georgia. His residence at the fork of the Louisburg and Forestville roads was a notable country Tavern in those days. After balloting between several competitors, this was chosen as the centre of the ten mile circle within which the sovereignty of North Carolina was to find a local habitation.

The mandate of the Convention the General Assembly was in no wise to obey. Fayetteville and the due shi that old town, having their using no dou Scotch tenacity, and social life, subs blandishments of ring the executive in defer- scheme. In 1790, the vo of the close that the proposal had a ti in both houses, the speaker of the House of Commons, an eastern man, Stephen Cabarrus, of Chowan, voting in favor, but the speaker of the Senate, a western man, Gen. Lenoir, of Wilkes, killing the measure.

The General Assembly of the following year, 1792, convened at Newbern out of reach of the plucky "Mac" of the Cape Fear, and at this session the ordinance of 1788 was carried into effect. Ten Commissioners were appointed to locate and lay off the city in accordance with the ordinance. At the same time five commissioners were appointed to erect a State House.

The day of meeting of the Commissioners was the 4th of April, 1792. Only six attended. Their names were Frederick Hargett, Senator from Jones, Willie Jones, member from Halifax Joseph DeDowell, Senator from Burke, one of the gallant mountaineers, who gained the battle of King's Mountain, Thomas Blount, member from Edgecombe, afterwards to be promoted to a seat in the House of Representatives of the Union, William Johnston Dawson, member from Bertie, grandson of Gov. Gabriel Johnston, soon to be a member of Congress and James Martin member from Stokes. They were among the best men of the State. Jones was the most active, influential, had been an ardent patriot of the Revolution. His body lies without a stone to commemorate him in the North East corner of the land he aided to buy, in the garden of the St. Augustine Normal School.

The plantation of Joel Lane, adjoining Wake Court House was so plainly the best place within the limits assigned that the commissioners hesitated but little and on the following day, April 5th, 1792, a deed was executed by Joel Lane to Alexander Martin, Governor of the State, for the use of the State, of one thousand acres of land of an irregular shape, about one mile, three hundred yards, from north to south and still more from east to west. The tract thus purchased was then mostly in forest. The oak trees still standing, as well as tradition, show that nearly all east of Salisbury street was in original growth. Where the State House stands was a noted deer stand by which a deer running from the dense forests of the Crabtree to the dense forests of Walnut was sure to pass. The old field pines a few years ago standing on Gallows Hill and the Rex Hospital land and in the north west reservation show that they were once cultivated fields, while the rivers and branches which emptied into the the Pigeon House Branch and Rocky Branch, starting from the water-shed of the Capitol Square were for some some time covered with beech and poplar of large growth.

The commissioners lost no time in carrying out the other branch of their duties. They then proceeded to lay out a plan for a city, to comprise, besides streets, 276 lots of one acre each, the whole making four hundred acres. I am inclined to think that the true acre (208,67 feet square) was adopted and the failure to follow this, the practice of using the conventional acre (210 feet square) is the cause of the disputes about boundaries and encroachments in streets.

Besides Union Square, which the old maps call 516 feet square, four other squares of four acres each were left for the use of the public. Reservations at each corner of the city were left open, not included in the city, so as to provide for a future extension of the corporate limits.

Further description of the plan and an account of the names of the streets and of the great men after whom they were named, I omit as making this address too tedious. The name of the city most appropriately was called after the great scholar, statesman, soldier, and historian, who was so active in promoting the first settlement of North Carolina, Sir Walter Raleigh.

The plan thus laid off was reported to the General Assembly of 1792, and adopted. The language of the act should be carefully noted as being of vast importance to the inhabitants of the city.

Proposals have been made in the General Assembly to sell to the highest bidder the Public Squares of the City, except that on which the State House and the Deaf and Dumb Asylum are situate. I contend that according to plain principles of law, those who have purchased lands in the City, *and especially those who purchased lots on the squares*, have legal right to prevent such sale and to insist that according to the pledge of the State they shall be perpetually "Public Squares."

The streets of the City of Raleigh are under the same protection of the law. The City authorities may and shall improve them, but they cannot enclose or discontinue them.

The same rules of law do not apply to the reservations in the corners of the City, but it is important that the City authorities shall as soon as practicable carry out the provisions of chapter 205 of the Acts of 1871 '72, so as to found by enclosing and improving them, a valid claim for securing these as valuable breathing places of the City.

The same commissioners who laid out the city made sales of the lots. I cannot find their reports to the Legislature, as I have said, but I can state some of the early sales which will give some idea of the value of property in that day.

In 1801 one quarter of an acre of No. 160, on Fayetteville street, above Hargett, sold for $60. It is worth now $12,000 to $15,000.

In 1801 W. & J. Peace bought a lot on Fayetteville street, above Hargett, part of No. 147 fronting 21 feet and running back 60, for $165.

In 1797 W. J. Humphries sold to Matthew Machlin the west half of No. 173, on Newbern avenue where J. J. Litchford lives, for $36, which was probably what he paid for it. My friend, Dr. R. B. Haywood tells me that it appears from the account books of Joel Lane that he advanced for a friend $79, to pay for No. 216, now the residence of W. J. Hicks.

Mr. David Royster, in 1802, bought of Oliver Fitts, of Warren, two acres Nos. 142 and 143, on Moore square, where David Royster now lives, for $100 and a breakfast table.

On the east of Moore square Mr. Royster, about the same time, bought two acres for $50—afterwards sold one for $40, and was considered to have made a great speculation.

On October 10, 1801, J. Harvey sold to Stephen Haywood the two acres where Mr. Wm. Dallas Haywood lives, for "$120 in silver dollars," or $60 per acre.

In 1801 Jones sells to Dugald McKeethan No 276, at N. W. corner of North and Lane street for $51.

The first sales of lots were to those who did not intend to make Raleigh their home. Some of the leading politicians of the day were purchasers—such as Bloodworth, Stone, Davie, Hawkins, Dawson and Lane—who bought on speculation and lost money on the

Part of the fortunes of some of the existing families of Raleigh were realized by the purchase by their ancestors of many of these lots sold for taxes.

Four acres owned by the decendants of Thos. D. Beneham are the only instances of continuous ownership in any family from the beginning.

In 1813 the General Assembly appointed Henry Potter, Henry Seawell, Wm. Hinton, Nathaniel Jones, (Crabtree) Theophilus Hunter, and Wm. Peace, to sell the lands of the State south, west and north of the old corporate limits. They were ordered to reserve lots around the different springs in the State lands and on this account it is that Rex Spring on the north and the springs near the Governor's Mansion and the colored Deaf and Dumb Asylum are public property.

It was at this sale that John Rex bought the land devised by him to provide a comfortable retreat for the rich and the afflicted poor. The money bequeathed by him for the same purpose had accumulated to over $20,000 when by the contingencies of the late war a great part of it was lost. The object is a noble one and the name of John Rex should be honored among us.

The proceeds of the sale of 1813 were devoted to the erection of what is by a kind of grim joke called "the Governor's Palace." Before that time the acre where the Raleigh National Bank is located, No. 131, having on it a plain two story house which was removed about 1859, was the Executive Mansion. Governor Miller of Warren was the first occupant of the new mansion. It has been the scene of many gay festivities. In the good old days it was the custom for the Governor to give frequent parties. All the members of the Legislature and officers of State and all decent people of the city were generally invited to attend. The annual "parties" of the Governor were looked forward to and enjoyed by young and an old.

In 1819 the lands of the State East of the city, except the Rock Quarry, were ordered to be sold, the Commissioners being Duncan Cameron, John Winslow, Joseph Gales, Wm. Robards and Henry Potter. The proceeds were applied to repairing and enclosing the State House, which was well done under the supervision of our able architect, Wm. Nichols.

This was the last sale of the lands of the State.

The sales of 1813 were low according to our standard. For example, John Rex bought the land given by him for a hospital, $481 for 815½ acres.

The sales of 1818 were called "very good." This applied chiefly to the land in the N. E. part of the city comprising the noble forest owned by the late Henry Mordecai, which brought $100 per acre. The lots along Newbern Avenue west of the old graveyard averaged about $50 per acre, while those on the south side of Hargett opposite the old graveyard, commanded from $40 to $70 per acre; the broad slopes of Vinegar Hill were rated at about $50 per acre, and all this on a credit of one two and three years, without interest.

The charter of 1803, which is ably drawn, amended in important particulars from time to time, continued until the charter of 1856, which was drawn with his usual ability by Hon. B. F. Moore, then City Attorney. By this the name of the Intendant of Police was changed to Mayor. By direction of the Commissioners an amended charter was drawn by myself as City Attorney in 1866, but the General Assembly made its going into operation dependent on a vote of the people, and because it increased power of taxation, it was defeated. A compilation of the charter of 1856, incorporating subsequent amendments was made by Mr. R. H. Battle, including also the ordinances. In 1876, Fabius H. Busbee, Esq., City Attorney, at the instance of the Board of Aldermen, made an able compilation of all the laws relating to Raleigh, now in existence, with reference to those which are obsolete, also all the ordinances of the Board now in operation.

By act of 1874-5, a new division of wards was made, which has been attacked in the Courts on the grounds of unstitutionality. The matter is still in litigation. By this act the Commissioners are styled Aldermen.

Among the first commissioners, and most prominent men, was a battle-scarred hero of the revolution, Col. Wm. Polk. It was with him not only a duty, but a pride to keeping alive the glories of 1776. The celebration of the 4th of July filled so large a space in the minds of the people of that day, this address would be incomplete without an attempt to recall them. With our fathers this celeberation was no idle holiday. It was in vivid reality to them the birthday of the nation—the day of deliverance from the power of the sword, keeping in remembrance the staying of the hand of the destroying Angel.

The day was ushered in by firing of cannon. Then at sunrise there was prayer at the Presbyterian church. Large numbers attended and thanked with devout hearts the Almighty for his blessings on the country, a custom kept up until the breaking out of the great civil war.

At 12 o'clock there was a Federal salute as it was called—the gun for each State in the Union. Then a procession was formed at the Court-House, and moved to the music of fife and drum to the Capitol square. There an ode was sung. Then the Declaration of Independence was read. Then an ode. Then the Oration which was followed by an ode.

At 12 o'clock a good dinner was set. There were two tables presided over by President and Vice-President. Toasts were drunk followed by speeches and conviviality.

Here are specimens:

"The spirit of 1776, shielded by Wisdom and reclining on peace, but possessing the eye of eagle to discern and the arm of a Lion to avenge our country's wrong."

"The people of the United States, may they become more and more in feeling and fact, a band of brothers; whilst they remain in principle and conduct a band of patriots and thus prove themselves Americans without alloy."

A participant enabled to give an account of one of the ches, which is a fair sample of all. Gov. Holmes presided at one tab Polk at the other. Three Judg re appointed to deliver and the best song and the Joseph Gales, editor, Chief Ju Taylor and Judge Hall of the Supreme Court. The favorite singer at Gov. Holmes' table was one Reeder, a tailor, who had gallantly run for his country's fame at Bladensburg. The champion of the other table was Leonidas (or Lonny) Polk, son of the Colonel, afterwards the great Missionary Bishop of the South-west, the soldier Bishop who was killed at Chicamauga. By the vocal powers of the future Bishop the Judges awarded the victory to the table of his father. The prize of the victory was the privilege of taking the occupants of both tables to the home of the victor and treating them to new viands. The crowd hurried tumultuously, singing and shouting as they went, to the residence of Col. Polk, following him as a leader, dragging a cannon as they went. An ample table was found spread for them, new toasts were drunk, new songs sang, the cannon was fired, and amid shouts and hurrahs for Col. Polk and Independence, the patriots, their bosoms too full for utterance, meandered to their homes.

At such seasons "King Bragg" reigned supreme. The following poetry copied from a newspaper of a late date shows the proud boasting of the patriotic heart:

"Of one thing, reader, be thou sure—
the Yankee eagle one day.
Will stretch his wings from Behring's strait beyond the Bay of Funday.
And from the pole to Panama, when sleeping I and you lie.
Will all belong to Uncle Sam, some future Fourth of July.

Every great event was celebrated in those days of cheap "hog and hominy"—spelt, (I mention for the information of boys and girls and spelling bees, h-o-m-i-n-y), and I must add of cheap liquor, and in the exuberance of spirit the toast soared to the skies and got lost in the clouds.

Here is one given at a dinner during the war of 1812 on Oct. 29th 1813:

"Lawrence and Ludlow at the tremendous thunder of whose cannon the Fates in astonishment snapt their thread and left a nation drowned in tears."

This picture of the grim Parcae losing their self-possession at the sound of cannon in a sea-fight and snapping off life threads at random, is above anything in Homer or Vergil.

At the same dinner was given a toast which shows that our fellow citizens from Old Erin were then, as they are now, friends of education.

The Raleigh Academy—"May the sons of St. Tammany and the sons of St. Patrick dance hand in hand to the music of the Irish harp new strung by the goddess of liberty."

But I confess with shame that in blood and thunder sentiments Raleigh was beaten by our sister, Wilmington. At a feat given in honor of the Father of his country at that good city Feb. 22nd 1813 the following toast was given and enthusiastically applauded.

American Flag—"Wrapped in a blaze of boundless glory, like the resplendent shield of Jove, "shake aloft in the skies. May it flash lightning in the faces and strike terror into the hearts of its enemies and in every conflict may it triumphantly wave over continued streams of incessant peals of destructive all subduing thunder until it renders itself a "free pass" and inviolable protection to every citizen who may sail under it."

It is needless to add that the music which followed this toast was Yankee Doodle.

I have said that a permanent charter was granted in 1803. This was amended in 1806, by dividing the city into three wards.

A difficulty occurred about the act of 1806, which shows that our ancestors were troubled about ward divisions, as we have been. By that division all east of Wilmington and Halifax streets constituted the Eastern Ward; all west of Salisbury and Halifax streets constituted the Western Ward, and all the residue of the was the Middle Ward.

The following preamble of an act of 1874, shows at once the trouble and the remedy. Note how much grumbling there is:

An act to explain and amend the first section of an act passed in 1806, as far as respects the division of the city of Raleigh into three wards.

Whereas, It is found and discovered that the division of the city, as prescribed by the aforesaid act of 1806, is unequitable, and the boundaries of each ward not so precisely described as to prevent disputes, and that said division into wards is not nor neither can be as was intended, viz: that the Eastern and Western wards should receive all the taxes, and leave the main street North from the State House, called Halifax street, for the Middle Ward to keep in order; and as the division now is, the Commissioners of the Eastern Ward do collect and receive all the taxes on the East or said street, leaving the naked street for the Middle Ward to keep in order, although the Commissioners of the Eastern and Western Wards acknowledge there is no equity for them to receive the taxes and leave the naked street for the Middle Ward to keep repaired, and consider that they are bound to act agreeable to the law of 1806; the Commissioners of the Middle Ward have always been willing to act justly, to give them the taxes, and they will keep the street in repair, &c.,

In the same year the constable of the city was vested with the powers of constables of the county. There was only one constable, the inhabitants of the city were compelled to serve as a city watch. This was done without fee or reward, until 1843, the best citizens generally in person, though substitutes were allowed, taking their turn in patrolling the streets at night. It grew into a custom, which had the force of law, that the Captain of the Guard should adjourn his men to a restaurant and fill them with Dutch courage to enable them to perform their dangerous duties and drive away sleep—hence a glass of brandy and water received the name of "eye-opener."

In 1815 the question of supply of water was mooted, and for the first time in the history of the city, a public debt was authorized for the erection of water-works. A dam was erected on Rocky Branch, east of the Insane Asylum. The working of a water-wheel forced the water into what was called a "Water Co situate on the hill to Hargett st Smith thence down Fayetteville st There were spouts at

along the street. The engineer was an ingenious mechanic, Sam'l Lash, of Salem. The water was of great convenience to the citizens of the Middle Ward, but on the whole the scheme was a failure. The pipes became frequently clogged with mud, and leaky, sometimes burst by the pressure, and there being no filtration, whenever there was rain the water became of the hue of the "Yellow Tiber." To crown the whole there were great heart-burnings among the citizens of the section of the city not benefitted. After a few years—seven or eight—the old engineer died. His son, who succeeded him, took to intoxicating liquors, and although it is hardly probable that he himself consumed the water, yet certain it is that the more he drank, the less freely the water ran. The water-works failed. The first money our city borrowed was buried in the ground; the first debt incurred was for a profitless work. The lesson was heeded by that generation. It was not until that generation passed away, about the year 1845, that a second debt was incurred, for transferring the new market-house from Hargett street to its present position.

The year 1817 is memorable in our History as being the time when the General Assembly allowed incorporated towns to lay a tax on dogs. In the early state of the country, when animals abounded, these canine pets were useful, but at present they are a fruitful source of poverty.

The taxation on dogs in our city has always been unequal, paid by a few, who are so afflicted as to be born with conscience, while the rest go scott free. Few have the tender regard for truth of a good old citizen of sixty years ago, who, in giving in his taxablee, stated that he had one dog. After he had finished, the list-taker handed him a Bible. "What! have I got to swear to my list?"—"Oh, yes, sir!" "Then," with a heavy sigh, "put me down another dog."

It was in 1821 that fire companies were first authorized, and in 1826 provision was made for drafting in case there were not sufficient volunteers. An engine had long ago, as early as 1802, been purchased by voluntary contribution. It may be of interest to some of my firemen friends to state the prices of seventy-four years ago.

An engine for 24 hands, throwing 50 yards, 130 gallons per minute, $560.

One for 18 hands, throwing 100 gallons per minute, 47 yards, $414.

One for 16 hands, throwing 44 yards 80 gallons per minute, $374.

The cheapest of the above was bought for Raleigh.

The Rescue Steam Fire Engine can throw a 1½ inch stream a *vertical* height of 125 feet, 600 gallons per minute.

A brief notice of some of the principal fires in Raleigh may not be without interest, and may serve as warnings.

Raleigh has had an uncommon share of disasters from fire. All of Fayetteville street on both sides from Martin to the Capitol Square, except from the spot where Fraps' beer garden reminds our German brethren of the glories of the "Vaterland" to the corner where the Raleigh National Bank, reminds us that the time was when money could be borrowed at six per cent interest, and excepting one other house, have been swept by fire, some parts twice, others three or four times.

The first great fire on record was in 1816, on the east side of Fayetteville street, extending from Martin street to Hargett, and thence nearly to Wilmington street. Zach. Miller owned a store on the corner of Hargett and Wilmington streets. He had in his house ten barrels of vinegar stored. Not having water wherewith to encounter the advancing flames, he dashed upon them and on his smoking walls the precious apple juice and stayed their progress. My informant, our old friend, John R. Harrison, tells me he remembers well how strangely the yellow fluid looked as it streamed over the planks and spluttered in the flames.

In 1821 a second fire broke out near the site where the market house stands, without interruption the flames rushed to Hargett street, sweeping all in their path. Here they leaped across to the opposite corner and levelled to the earth all the buildings on both sides of Hargett, two dreadful parallel columns of fire to Wilmington street. They likewise hurried north with unchecked fury, until stopped by the unconquerable energy and pluck of a woman.

This lady deserves especial mention on an occasion like this. Her house stood, a two storied wooden building where Tucker's handsome hall rears its iron front. It was about 20 feet from the nearest house on the South and a little further from its next neighbor on the North.

She was a widow, sister of our venerable old friend still living (Mrs Lucus) the daughter of Cæsar, who kept one of the earliest principal hotels, then called Taverns of the city, situate where the North Carolina Bookstore now stands. By her unaided exertions in keeping a private boarding house, she was rearing the large family, the members of which are among our best citizens.

Not only in the conflagration of which I speak, but afterwards when the fire demon, starting from the corner next to Capitol square, moved down, levelling all the houses, on its way, and assailed her from the north, did this heroic woman stand like a bulwark against the onward march of the flames. While the heart of others failed, hers stood firm. While strong men gazed, helpless and despairing, at the grand but awful sight, she sprang forth to active conflict with the danger. She spurred on the lagging, she animated the faint hearted, she heeded not the advancing column of the flames, the falling cinders, the suffocating smoke, the crashing timbers, she forget for a time the natural timidity of her sex. Armed with wet blankets and hastily filled buckets, she stood in the very jaws of the terrible heat, until others shamed into action by the resolute ness of her daring, rushed to her aid. Twice she conquered her own property and long after her contemporaries houses. was in the mouths of all, her praises young men and young women remember the deeds and honor the name of Mrs. Haywood.

It will grieve you all, I know to learn that 20 years afterwards, when old age had diminished her strength, she was again assaulted by her ancient foe and this time defeated. A fire broke out in Depkin's shoe shop, the nearest house on the north and from the suddenness of the attack and the direction of the wind, her dwelling so oft n saved, was destroyed. The flames again swept down to and along Hargett street, until checked within one house of Wilmington street. The hose of the engine was burst soon after it was brought into action. The water flowed on the ground and mixing with earth formed an impromptu imitation of Fayetteville street, as macadamized by the transcendent genius of our city commissioners, with thick layers of soft red clay from the basement of the market house. The ready witted firemen gathered this plastic material by handsfull and buckets full, and dashing it against the walls of the threatened store, formed a non-conductor, impervious to heat. The fire was extinguished and the grateful citizens dubbed, I should say, *daubed* this heroic band as the "mud company," and this well-earned name stuck fast up to the day of its dissolution.

Those tracing titles to property are often perplexed by inability to find records of deeds made over forty years ago. This is in consequence of their loss of twenty registry books in a disastrous fire, which originated in the store of Richard Smith, the county Register, which was located at the corner where an excellent friend of ours, A. Creech sells goods. This fire was caused by an incendiary, Benjamin F. Seaborn, who kindled the flame in order to hide his theft of the money of his employer. On this occasion all the buildings on the west side of Fayetteville, from Hargett street to the Capitol Square were destroyed, except the Newbern Banking House, now the residence of Dr. Haywood. It will be a great satisfaction to the lawyers, when groaning over the loss of the registry books, as it was to the citizens of Raleigh, to know that Seaborn, after removing his trial to Fayetteville, and obtaining by an appeal to the Supreme Court, an excellent opinion from Judge Ruffin, was hung, as he deserved to be.

In 1831 occurred an event of momentous consequence to the people of Raleigh, which not only caused great loss of itself, but according to tradition came near ruining the city. This was the burning of the Capitol. The old State House was constructed in 1792. It was described as wholly without architectural beauty, an ugly mass of brick and mortar. It was repaired in 1822, under the supervision of Captain Wm. Nichols, an experienced architect, who covered its dingy walls with stucco and rendered it more sightly by the addition of porticos and a dome. The form of the building was similar to the present noble granite structure, which by its unpretending but stately beauty, fitly represents the solid virtues of North Carolina character.

By a freal of liberality, universal in those good old days when the State never spent over $90,000 a year for all purposes, when taxes were six cents on the $100 value of real estate only, and personal property was entirely exempt, the General Assembly had placed in the rotunda, a magnificent statue of Washington of Carrara Marble, by the great Canova. It was the pride and boast of the State. Our people remembered with peculiar pleasure that La Fayette had stood at its base and commended the beauty of the carving and the fitness of the honor, to the great man under whom he had served in our war for Independence, and whom he regarded with a passionate and reverential love.

The carelessness of an artisan engaged in covering the roof, lost this great work of art to the State. On the morning of the 21st of June, 1831, while the sun shone bright in the heaves, flames were seen issuing from the roof. The owls and flying squirels, which had built their nests among the rafters, hastened through the ventilator to escape from the doome building, followed by thick smoke and then by bright flame. With no such powerful machine as the Rescue engine the progress of the fire was unchecked. few citizes, incited by a gallant tle lady, Miss Betsy Geddy, who the fire other Revolutionary fath endeavord with frantic haste move the statue. But its gr weight was too much for th strength. They were forced to ness its destruction. Forty ye have not ceased from their memo the splendors of the closing s of this drama. For many mi like its great original, serene moved, among the fires Mo mouth or of Trenton, the st the central figure of numberless bla zing torches, untouched and majestic, every line and feature and graceful drapery white—hot and of supernatural brilliancy and beauty. Then suddenly the burning timb fell, and the master-piece of Canova was a mass of broken fragments. Beside unable to save the statue the citizens turned their attention to the painting of Washington, by Sully, and by their efforts this great work of art still hangs in the Hall of the House of Representatives.

(*Concluded in next issue.*)

TO BUSINESS MEN.

A good advertisement in a widely circulated newspaper is the best of all possible salesmen. It is a salesman who never sleeps and is never weary, who goes after business early and late, who accosts the merchant in his store, the scholar in his study, the lawyer in his office, the lady in her home, the traveler in the car or boat; a salesman who no purchaser can avoid, who can be in a thousand places at once and speak to thousands of people daily, saying to each one the best thing in the best manner. A good advertisement insures a business connection on the most permanent and independent basis, and is in a certain sense, a guarantee to the customer of fair and moderate prices. Experience has shown that the dealer, whose wares have obtained a public celebrity, is not only enabled to sell, but is forced to sell at reasonable rates, and to furnish a good article. A dealer can make no better investment than in the advertising columns of a widely circulated newspaper. Such is the opinion of a man who is known to be the largest advertiser in the United States.

That is THE DAILY NEWS.

JOB PRINTING

Business men will find it to their interest to patronize the NEWS Job PRINTING Office. Its supply of the latest and most popular styles of type and office appurtenances renders it a favorite with all who try it.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address GEORGE STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.